May 18, 1769. NUMB. 2108.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

From a late ENGLISH PAPER.

To the MERCHANTS *in* GREAT-BRITAIN *trading to* AMERICA.

GENTLEMEN,

I AM very ſenſible (and am ſure every unprejudiced thinking Perſon within this Kingdom, by this Time, muſt be) that the only Kind of Repreſentation the People in America have in Great-Britain, is nothing more than the bare Intereſt you have in the American Trade, connected with your Intereſt and Influence in Britain; ſo that the only Check which prevents the whole Property and Eſtates of that People being ſeized on, and appropriated to the Diſcharge of the National Debt, or ſome other Purpoſe, without their Conſent, is your Intereſt in the American Trade, and Influence to ſupport it.

Of this Opinion I am confirmed, from the Petitions of the Colonies having been heretofore rejected, or very little attended to; from your being the only Means that procured the Repeal of the Stamp-act; and from the Colonies being now debilitated to prefer any Petitions. I acknowledge the Colonies are indebted to you, not only in large Sums of Money, which, by the preſent Meaſures adopted, I muſt ingenuouſly tell you, I fear you are in the greateſt Danger of loſing; but alſo in Gratitude for Relief from the Ruin threatened by the late Stamp-act. I think it therefore my Duty, in Juſtice to you and the Colonies, to acquaint you, that to my certain Knowledge there has been, and now is, a Number of infamous Patricides, who, from the Money they have received in the Colonies Service, from the Money they have lately received in doing the Colonies the greateſt Diſſervice, and from the Offices in which they have ſerved, have been enabled to make an Appearance at the moſt important Boards within this Kingdom, and there have repreſented and traduced their Country and Countrymen in the moſt unjuſt, unfair, daring and ſcandalous Manner; by whom Adminiſtration has been deceived, and even made to believe, that the People of America are ſo much dependent on Great-Britain, that they cannot manufacture without her Permiſſion, or without her Permiſſion have the Materials for Manufactures; and it has even been aſſerted in the public Papers, that there is not Wool enough raiſed in America, to make each Man there one Pair of Stockings; the Truth of which, I find, is not doubted; it is ſaid it came from good Authority. Indeed, ſo apt are People here to believe, eſpecially what is not true, that I ſhould not be ſurprized, ere long, to hear it aſſerted in the public Papers, that there was not ſuitable Timber in America, to make the different Kinds of Mills for manufacturing of Cloth, Iron, Timber, &c. or that there were proper ſufficient Streams of Water to turn ſuch Mills; which, indeed, would be as juſt a Repreſentation of the State of that Country, as any that has been lately attended to.

If you ſhould think that the Truth of what I have here advanced, merits an impartial Enquiry, I would recommend you to enquire of ſuch Gentlemen who are Natives of America, and now in London, who cannot be prejudiced by having or holding either Pay or Employ from the Colonies, whoſe Intereſt it would be to fall in with the Current of the Times, but have Honeſty enough to ſuffer, rather than do wrong; who have more Knowledge of American Law and Politics, and ten Times more Merit, than the whole of thoſe informing Patriacides, of whom there be many now in London, too well known to need mentioning, unleſs deſired by thoſe whoſe Buſineſs it ought to be to make proper Enquiry; from whom alone, not only Law, but Reaſon, and every Man in his Senſes, would expect ſuch Evidence, as is fit to found a Judgment upon, in any Matter worthy of Notice. RATIO.

From the AMERICAN GAZETTE.

To the EDITOR.

AS the rebellious Inhabitants of America are every Day finding Advocates on this Side the Atlantic, and as numberleſs Pens are continually endeavouring to leſſen the juſt Authority of the Mother Country, Humanity, as well as Juſtice, induces me to ſtep forth a Champion for poor Old England; and I flatter myſelf, that what I advance in her Favour, will not only be ſeriouſly attended to by Adminiſtration, but by every diſintereſted Member of the Community.

It is beyond a Doubt, that the People of Great-Britain have gone to an immenſe Expence to ſupport the American Colonies; indeed I muſt own that we granted the Colonies this Support intirely to promote our own Intereſt; and therefore they may reaſonably enough ſay, that they are not very much obliged to us.---However, let our Motive for protecting them be what it will, ſtill, as they have received the Benefit of that Protection, we have a Right, an unqueſtionable Right, of treating them as we think proper.---The Woman in the Fable, when ſhe fattened her Capon, thought ſhe had an indiſputable Title to kill it for their Support; and I ſee no Reaſon, as we have fattened the Coloniſts, why we ſhould not at any Time ſacrifice them, either for our Convenience or Diverſion.

Natural Rights are mighty pretty Things in Speculation, but in Experience, Sir, they ſignify very little; the Coloniſts tell us, that we have no *juſt* Claim to uſe them with *Injuſtice*; and argue, that they are not obliged to obey any Commands, which the Mother Country may ſend over, if thoſe Commands are repugnant to the manifeſt Sentiments of Equity. But, Sir, what Buſineſs has Equity at all in the Caſe? Are they able to reſiſt the Authority of Great-Britain? And are not we able to compel their Obedience in Spite of their Teeth? Political Principles, Sir, are widely different from moral ones; in Policy, Power always confers Right; and we have an unqueſtionable Claim to do what we pleaſe, provided we are in a ſufficient Capacity to do it. In civil Diſſenſions, the powerful Side is conſtantly the legal Side, and we as conſtantly look upon thoſe to be Rebels, who are guilty of being unfortunate.---For theſe Reaſons, the Americans ſhould be treated with the utmoſt Severity. Though we have ſaved them from being plundered by the French, they are offended if we think to plunder them ourſelves; and though we have raiſed them to their preſent State of Opulence and Freedom, they preſumptuouſly inſiſt, that we ought not to tread them either into Beggars or Slaves. An Arrogance of this Nature is unpardonable, Sir; if they had any Duty, they would not boldly pretend to a Right in their own property; and if they had any Gratitude, they would not heſitate a Moment to put on the Yoke, which is prepared for their Necks, by an injudicious or an arbitrary Miniſter.

But, Sir, though I highly approve the Intention of diſtreſſing the Americans, I am nevertheleſs extremely offended, that the Buſineſs is done by Halves. As our National Debt has been chiefly incurred upon their Account, why don't we make them pay it off at once? For my own Part, I think the moſt prudent Way of proceeding, would be to ſet all our Colonies up to Sale, either to the French or Spaniards, and ſo let the National Debt be paid with the Purchaſe Money. If the Property of the Americans is not ſufficient to anſwer this deſirable Purpoſe, let us make a Merchandize of their Perſons. If they are to be Slaves, it little ſignifies who is their Maſter; and by this Means we ſhall not only diſcharge our public Debts, but prevent our Trans-Atlantic Worthies from entertaining any Thoughts of eſtabliſhing an Independency for the future.

I know ſome tender-hearted People will ſay, that we have no Right to deprive the Americans entirely of their Property, though we have a juſt Right to make this Property ſubject to an occaſional Taxation; but, ſurely, Sir, if we are authoriſed to raiſe a ſingle Shilling without their Concurrence, we are authoriſed to ſeize upon all they have in the World. The Reaſoning that ſupports our ſtripping them of a Part, ſupports us in ſtripping them of the Whole, and conſequently the ſooner we promote our own Ends, and ſnatch them from the Miſery of a continued Oppreſſion, the ſooner we ſhall manifeſt our Prudence, and diſplay our Humanity. To wiſer Heads, however, I ſubmit theſe indigeſted Hints, and am, Sir,

Your Humble Servant,

BRITANNICUS.

From the LONDON MAGAZINE for February, 1769.

The Portrait of a late miſchievous Politician; copied by --- LUDLOW.

To the AUTHOR.

SIR,

ALLOW me to preſent to your reputable Magazine, a copied portrait of a political adventurer, that has done more apparent miſchief to Britain, than has been done by all her other enemies, ſince the ſigning of the laſt treaty of peace with the Bourbon family. I ſhall give it you in the words of an able writer, who thus deſcribes his political operations: "* Our great political adventurer, when, in the wantonneſs of his power, and poverty of his underſtanding, he undertook the reformation of Britiſh America, with the Britiſh and American commerce, and multiplied his impoſitions, reſtrictions, and regulations, ſubjecting the whole to military execution, in former times deemed by the wiſe fit only for commercial deſtruction, together with his memorable taxation to the enforcement of ſuch unconſtitutional, ſtrange, and unnatural judicatures, as the earth before never ſaw, might as well, I conceive, have formed a ſcheme to take the tools out of the hands of a conſiderable part of the manufacturers of Birmingham and Leeds, as his devices directly tended to diſtreſs the principal trading colonies, and take from them their little money, wanted to drive about the wheels of trade, neceſſary to the manufactures and commerce of this kingdom. I do not believe, that at making the peace he fouled his fingers, though ſome others will never be able to make theirs clean; but he was as ſolicitous to enforce in effect the laws made againſt Britiſh commerce by our late enemies, as if he had been paid for it. By one ſtroke of his policy, he made a preſent to the French and Dutch of a branch of the Britiſh commerce, whoſe annual profit, without reckoning other advantages, was 200,000l. and his whole refined ſyſtem may be reduced to the few articles of *impoveriſhment, embarraſſment, oppreſſion and confuſion!* But all that has been, or can be ſaid of him in theſe, or other reſpects, falls far ſhort of his attempt to ſubject the worthy families in America to have ſoldiers quartered upon them, whereby they muſt pay ſo dear for their infamous ſhackles. Truth will ſooner or later ſwim uppermoſt, and they who laboured to ſupport him in this attempt, do, I hope, expect to be tranſmitted to poſterity in their proper colours."

This is a very characteriſtic drawing, by a maſterly hand. How dangerous muſt it be to have ſuch a miſchievous mind and heart employed in the public adminiſtration! The ignorance of juſt political principles is glaring! "Since to preſerve the freedom of Britons, it is neceſſary that all parts and perſons of good citizens throughout the empire be free:" Freedom being the common right of all, and the integrity of it once broken, the torrent of power will overflow and deluge the ſyſtem. "For, ſaid Addiſon, if liberty only ſpreads among particular branches, there had better be none at all; ſince ſuch partial liberty only aggravates the misfortunes of thoſe deprived of it." And even a Clarendon could ſay, *that the chearfulneſs of ſubmiſſion, is the ſtrength of it.*

When, upon a diſcontent of one of the colonies, occaſioned by a right to certain lands which lay within it, and Lord Granville was urged to ſubdue by military force; he wiſely replied, "he had no notion of inſtructing the King's ſubjects in their allegiance *with great and ſmall ſhot.*"---Common ſenſe would teach men who ſought the public good, that population, riches, true religion, virtue, magnanimity, arts, ſciences and learning, are all of them the produce of liberty.

But beſides a deplorable want of juſt concern for public good, the moſt ſhameful ingratitude, and inſolent outrage, is committed on the American colonies, by putting them under the ſurly brow of a military force, in order to enforce oppreſſive meaſures, "when theſe very colonies have in the courſe of ſeveral years, by their imports, annually paid *a million of our public charges, 30 per cent. upon the manufacturers price, and 40 per cent. upon an average more than they ſhould have paid for the like imports from other nations* †." ---Mark this.

It is not poſſible we can do leſs than conclude a deteſtable ſcheme, either of *deſpotiſm*, or of *ſubverſion*, at the bottom of ſuch political manœuvres, which are big with ſuch manifeſt miſchiefs to the Britiſh Conſtitution.

But with aſſurance we can add, "it was ever a great diſhonour, as well as injury to a free people, to be ſubject to the domination of the favourites of Princes; but what is ſtill worſe, ſome men would have them ſubject to the domination of the favourites of their fellow ſubjects."----Shocking idea! Men in power, are men who are ſeeking their own things. They have no liberal minds that would not ſacrifice their private views to the public weal. And ſome, we have reaſon to fear, are ſo far under the influence of the common enemy, as to be ready to bind Britannia in Gallic chains, and lay her bleeding upon the altar erected by the prieſts of Rome and Hell!----- LUDLOW.

* *See Continued corruption, ſtanding armies, and popular diſcontents conſidered, p. 74, 75.* † *Ibid. p. 73.*

TO BE SOLD,

A CERTAIN meſſuage or tenement, and lot or piece of ground, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Sixth-ſtreet from Delaware, between Cheſtnut-ſtreet and Market-ſtreet, containing in breadth, north and ſouth, 41 feet and one inch, and in depth 173 feet. For terms, apply to

STEPHEN CARMICK,

Chester, May 12, 1769.

BY virtue of writs of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, on the 26th inſtant, on the premiſes, will be ſold by vendue, a certain meſſuage, plantation and tract or parcel of good land, thereunto belonging, containing 255 acres, ſituate in Weſt-Nantmell townſhip, in the county of Cheſter; bounded by lands of John Gilliland, Joſeph Long, Andrew Spence, and William Mackay; there is now a noted tavern kept on the premiſes, and its public ſituation, near the Manor Meeting-houſe, where two roads croſs each other, makes it a place of good cuſtom; the buildings are a good ſquare log-houſe, a barn, and ſundry out-houſes, a choice orchard of 400 apple trees in their prime; about 25 acres of good watered meadow is on the premiſes, in good order; it may juſtly be ſaid to be a compleat farm, and a proper place for a tavern; late the eſtate of James M'Coſkry; ſeized in execution, and to be ſold by

JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

N. B. At the ſame time and place will be ſold horſes and cattle, wheat in the ground, and various houſhold furniture.

Philadelphia, May 10, 1769.

AS the partnerſhip of STAMPER and BINGHAM is diſſolved, by the death of William Bingham, all perſons having any demands againſt them, are deſired to bring in their accounts to the ſubſcriber, that they may be ſettled and paid; and all thoſe, that are any ways indebted, are requeſted to pay immediately, to prevent further trouble.

JOSEPH STAMPER.

All perſons having any demands againſt the eſtate of WILLIAM BINGHAM, deceaſed, are deſired to bring in their accounts, duly proved, that they may be ſettled; and thoſe who are indebted to the ſaid eſtate, are requeſted to pay immediately.

MARY BINGHAM, Executrix.
JOSEPH STAMPER, }
§ JOHN GIBSON, } Executors.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, on Friday, the 2d of June, at 2 o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the Houſe of Mrs. Mackinett, in Germantown; a certain Plantation, or Tract of Land, ſituate on the Road, leading from Wiſſahickon to Germantown Road, commonly called Shute's Road, containing about 22 Acres, the greateſt Part Meadow Ground, and a thriving Orchard, having a wooden Tenement and large Barn erected thereon, now in the Tenure of John Deel.

Alſo a certain Lot of Ground, ſituate on Manheim-ſtreet, in Germantown, containing about 13 Acres; bounded Eaſtward and Weſtward by Ground of Edward Shippen, Eſq; ſeized and taken in Execution, by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

ROBERT AITKEN, Bookſeller,

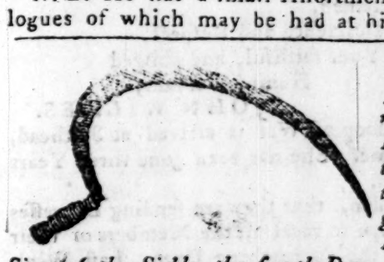
From Glaſgow, juſt now arrived in the ſnow Peggy, and has opened his ſtore the firſt door below Mr. David Sproat's, Front-ſtreet, Philadelphia,

WITH a valuable variety of books, conſiſting of almoſt all the branches of literature, Church hiſtory, antient and modern, law, phyſic, mathematics, &c. alſo a large and elegant aſſortment of books, moral and entertaining, of the moſt approved authors, viz. Swift, Pope, Young, Milton, Thompſon, Cambray, Fontenelle, Voltaire, Rollin, Shafteſbury, Spencer, Congreve, Waller, Locke, Tillotſon, Scott, &c. &c. alſo novels, plays, ſongs; but chiefly books of divinity, whoſe names are famous in the churches, viz. Luther, Calvin, Knox, Rutherford, Durham, Flavel, Henry, Trail, Guthrie, Owen, Ambroſe, Gurnal, Wellwood, Williſon, Watſon, Bunyan, Binning, Boſton, Erſkine, Hervey, Watts, Gray, Walwood, Brooks, &c. &c. he has alſo a neat aſſortment of chapman books, pamphlets, ballads and ink-powder; alſo fine ſtays ſorted, ſilk and thread gauze, different patterns, plain and flowered. The above will be ſold by wholeſale, for ready money only. Such who intend to furniſh themſelves with any of the above articles, will apply ſoon, as the proprietor will make but a ſhort ſtay in this place.

JOSEPH CRUKSHANK, Printer,

HAVING furniſhed himſelf with a neat Aſſortment of elegant new Types, and other Materials, proper for carrying on his Buſineſs, hath juſt opened a PRINTING-OFFICE, in the Houſe formerly occupied by David Barnes, in Second-ſtreet, the ſecond Door below Cheſtnut-ſtreet, oppoſite the Shop of Benjamin Dean, where ſuch as pleaſe to favour him with their Cuſtom, may depend on having their Work done in a neat and correct Manner. Particular Care will be taken to do Advertiſements, Blanks, &c. on very ſhort Notice. And as the Public hath almoſt always generouſly encouraged young Beginners, he hopes for a Share of their Favour, which he will carefully endeavour to deſerve.

N. B. He has a ſmall Aſſortment of Books for Sale, Catalogues of which may be had at his Printing-Office.



AN Hundred and Thirty Dozen of SICKLES, ready prepared for the enſuing Harveſt, which are made with the utmoſt Care, will be ſold at the loweſt Rate, and inſured good by JAMES HENDRICKS, Cutler, at the Sign of the Sickle, the fourth Door above the Priſon, in Market-ſtreet.

N. B. A Servant Lad's Time to be diſpoſed of by ſaid Hendricks, who has about 4 Years to ſerve.

New-Caſtle Goal, March 13, 1769.

WHEREAS the ſubſcriber, upon his petition to the Honourable Houſe of Aſſembly of the government of the counties of New-Caſtle, Kent and Suſſex, upon Delaware, the 26th day of October laſt, applied for an act of aſſembly to diſcharge him from his confinement (he not being entitled to the benefit of the act of aſſembly of the ſaid government, intituled, "An act for the relief of inſolvent debtors,") obtained an order of the ſaid houſe, whereby he was commanded, "to cauſe advertiſements to be inſerted in the Pennſylvania Gazettee, ſix weeks before the next meeting of the ſaid houſe, therein giving notice to his ſeveral creditors, of his application to the ſaid houſe to be diſcharged from his confinement, and that they ſhould attend the ſaid houſe on the third day of June next, to make their objections (if any they ſhould have) to the prayer of ſaid petitioner." In obedience to which order, I do hereby give notice to all perſons concerned, to attend on the ſaid third day of June next, if they, or any of them, have any objections to my being diſcharged.

§ WILLIAM SCOTT.

BILL of RIGHTS.

AS the People of England are at this Time invited, in a public Manner, to ſupport the Bill of Rights, it may not be improper to apprize Engliſhmen, what theſe Rights are, and when and how they were eſtabliſhed; as to the Inſtances and the Manner in which they have been violated, it is not neceſſary *at this time* to mention.

The late King James the Second, having violated the Conſtitution to that Degree, as not to think himſelf any longer ſafe among his injured People, abdicated the Throne, and was ſucceeded by William and Mary, from whom the People received a Confirmation of *their Bill of Rights*, among which appear the following Ones.

1. That the pretended Power of ſuſpending of Laws, *or the Execution of Laws by regal Authority, without Conſent of Parliament, is illegal.*

2. That the pretended Power of diſpenſing with Laws, or the Execution of Laws, by regal Authority, *as it has been aſſumed and exerciſed of late, is illegal.*

3. That the levying for, or to the Uſe of the Crown, by Pretence of Prerogative, without Grant of Parliament, or for longer Time, or in other Manner, than the ſame is, or ſhall be granted, is illegal.

4. That it is the Right of the Subjects to petition the King, and all Commitments and Proſecutions for ſuch petitioning, are illegal.

5. That the Raiſing or Keeping a ſtanding Army within the Kingdom in Time of Peace, unleſs it be with Conſent of Parliament, is againſt Law.

6. *That the Election of Members of Parliament, ought to be free.*

7. That the Freedom of Speech, and Debates or Proceedings in Parliament, ought not to be impeached or queſtioned in any Court or Place out of Parliament.

8. That exceſſive Bail ought not to be required, *nor exceſſive Fines impoſed, nor cruel and unuſual Puniſhments inflicted.*

9. The Jurors ought to be *duly* impanelled and returned, and Jurors, who paſs upon Men in Trials for high Treaſon, ought to be Freeholders.

10. That all Grants and Promiſes of Fines and Forfeitures of particular Perſons before Conviction, are illegal and void.

11. And that for Redreſs of all Grievances, and for the amending, ſtrengthening, and preſerving of the Laws, Parliaments ought to be held frequently.

The Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, *claim, demand, and inſiſt*, upon all and ſingular the Premiſes as their undoubted Rights and Liberties; and that no Declarations, *Judgments*, Doings, or *Proceedings*, to the Prejudice of the People, in any of the ſaid Premiſes, ought in any wiſe to be drawn hereafter into Conſequence or Example. See Stat. 1 Will. and Mary, Sect. 2. Chap. 2. *An Engliſh Conſtitutional Lawyer.*

COPENHAGEN, February 26.

THE Affairs of the North begin to take a ſerious turn. The Empreſs of Ruſſia requires her Allies to furniſh her the ſtipulated Succours either in Men or Money. As our Kingdom is among the Number of her Imperial Majeſty's Allies, we are bound to ſend her 6000 Men, or 60,000 Crowns every Year, during the War. As ſo large a Sum might diſorder our Finances, the Court has reſolved to pay her Contigent in Men. His Majeſty has therefore ordered ſix new Regiments to be raiſed in Norway, five of Infantry, and one of Dragoons. The Army in Denmark has alſo been augmented with 16 Battalions.

Eight Ships of War, and two Frigates, are ready to ſail, and it is thought, that Squadron is alſo deſtined for Ruſſia.

Frontiers of Poland, Feb. 20. It is ſaid the Biſhop of Kaminieck, attended by ſeveral of his Partiſans, is actually at Conſtantinople, where he is concerting Meaſures with the Turks to effect the Ruin of this Country.

LONDON,

March 8. Authentic Advices from France ſay, that ſeveral thouſand Soldiers have been embarked lately from Bourdeaux, and other Ports of that Kingdom, for the French Settlements in the Weſt-Indies, Africa, &c. and that there are more Ships of War at preſent on the Stocks in France, than at any Time ſince the Peace of 1763.

March 9. It is confidently ſaid, that at the next election there will be three Kings of Brentford-----King James, [Lowther] King Charles, [Dingley] and King John, [Wilkes]

A Correſpondent, ſpeaking of the Houſes where the Meetings of the Merchants are held, aſks, "Who would have thought that the *King's Arms* ſhould be turned againſt *London?*

March 14. A Correſpondent from Stafford informs us, that ſome Years ago, while the Rector of a Pariſh in that County was gathering his Tithes at a Farm Houſe, the Farmer having eleven Children, told him, he ought to take the eleventh Child, which the Clergyman immediately conſented to, and brought it up at his own Expence; and when the Clergyman died, he was inducted into the Living, which he at this Time enjoys, worth, together with the Free School, 120l. per ann.

To the Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of Middleſex.

GENTLEMEN,

IF I had not experienced your unwearied Zeal for Liberty, and the Defence of the fundamental Rights of the Subject, I ſhould feel ſome Uneaſineſs in being now obliged, by a third Expulſion, to beg the Favour of you to attend ſo ſoon again at Brentford, to ſupport your former Choice. But I know you have the Cauſe of your Country at Heart, and that you glory in every Opportunity of convincing the World, that you will never give up your Title to a free Election. If you tamely ſuffer this moſt valuable Right of chuſing your own Repreſentative in Parliament to be taken from you, or rendered of no Effect, you muſt not expect that the Enjoyment of any meaner, or more inconſiderable Franchiſe, will be long permitted. The ſpirit of every Engliſhman revolts at the very Idea, and the Freeholders of Middleſex have always firmly ſtood foremoſt in the Day of Trial, however ſevere and perilous.

The next County Court is fixed for Thurſday, the 13th of April, when the Election will come on at Brentford. The Appearance of my Friends at an early Hour of that Day, I ſhall eſteem as a very particular Obligation.

I am, Gentlemen,
With Deference and Reſpect,
Your faithful, and obliged
Humble Servant,
JOHN WILKES.

King's-Bench Priſon, Saturday, March 18, 1769.

March 21. The Swallow Sloop of War is arrived at Spithead, ſhe had been miſſing ſome Time. She has been gone three Years on a Voyage to the South Seas.

Parties run ſo high in Sweden, that they are ſending Expreſſes to the different Courts of Europe to recal all the Members of their different Aſſemblies, againſt the approaching Dyet: Laſt Week one of their Members was ſent for from Bath on that Occaſion, and was allowed but a very few Hours before he ſet out for Stockholm.

It is ſaid that moſt of the Officers of a certain Board are immediately expected to reſign. The Reaſon aſſigned for this is, that on a late public Inſpection of Accounts, there appeared ſome Inaccuracies that could not ſo clearly be explained. The *Premier* however is not only to be continued, but is ſoon to have a Penſion on the Iriſh Eſtabliſhment.

We hear that two patriotic Gentlemen were, on a certain Day, ſeverely cenſured for their uncommon activity in promoting the Intereſt of a certain popular Gentleman.

So very ambitious are the lower Rank of People, of adopting the name of a popular Patriot into their Families, that we are informed, a poor Couple, laſt Week, had their Daughter chriſtened by the name of John Wilkes.

March 23. On Monday, at the Meeting at Mile-end, a Gentleman produced a Letter from a worthy Juſtice of Peace of 90 Years of Age, in which the Writer, after mentioning his having pulled for Serjeant Glynn, on the Day of Blood and Danger, declared, that to the laſt Moment of his Life, he would continue to go and vote in Support of his undoubted Right as a Freeholder.

At the ſame Time and Place, a Member of an auguſt Aſſembly declared, that as the Cauſe of Mr. Wilkes was now a public Cauſe, he ſhould, at the next Election, change the Motto of his Cockade from "Wilkes and Liberty," to "Magna Charta, and the Bill of Rights."

Extract of a Letter from Vienna.

"By the Aſſiduity of Lord St-------, the Engliſh Ambaſſador here, your Britiſh Politics may take a more favourable Turn than could ever have been expected. Notwithſtanding the Dauphin of France is contracted to one of the Archdutcheſſes, yet are we joined with Pruſſia to recover Lorraine and Alſace againſt that very incroaching and ambitious Enemy. Should this Country be ever again united to Auſtria, France would ſoon become a very pitiful Power, compared to what ſhe now is. An Attack on Alſace will be a moſt favourable Diverſion on the Part of Great-Britain, whether by Accident or Deſign. The French, believe me, will find Buſineſs enough on their Hands to defend this Country of theirs, even though filled with ſuch Fortreſſes as ſeem impregnable.

"A Report is current here, that all Claims from Allies on the Continent have been waved, on the Plea that the internal Diviſions in a certain Kingdom required all their Troops, and the litigious Diſpoſition of the anti-miniſterial Party, all their Caſh. We know not how ſoon we may want both for ourſelves; ſo that numbers here think the Ball of Faction is kept from falling, in order to evade the claims other Countries have upon them for Subſidies of Men or Money."

COURT INTELLIGENCE EXTRAORDINARY.

The Sermon preached ſome Sundays ago at Court, was a more uncourtly one, it ſeems, than has been heard there in the preſent Reign. A Divine Legation not having been vouchſafed to this Country, the Right Rev. Preacher devoted his Half Hour to demonſtrate that Our Salt has altogether loſt its Savour, from the loweſt of the People, through all Ranks, even up to Miniſters of State; whoſe Senſibility not being very exquiſite, his L------p was underſtood to apply a pretty powerful Brine, and then laſhed them to the Bone.

We hear that it is determined that the Earl of S------- is not to go to Ireland; and that a noble Duke, of very great Fortune, to whom it is propoſed, has taken Time to conſider, whether it may be convenient to engage in an Office, which, according to the munificent Plan he adopted when he formerly filled it, is attended with exceeding great Expences.

The Trimming to the Wedding Suit of Cloaths of her Grace the Dutcheſs of Kingſton, exceeded any Thing of the Kind ever ſeen in England; it was oriental Pearl, and Bruſſels Point, which latter was preſented to her Grace by the Electreſs of Saxony.

A Gentleman, who was ſaid to be a Member of Parliament, addreſſed the Populace from the Window of St. James's Coffee-Houſe, with the following Toaſts, which he drank out of the Window: Firſt, his Majeſty; the Preſervation of Engliſhmens Liberties; and that the Poor might be able, by honeſt Induſtry, to maintain themſelves and their Families, in a reaſonable and comfortable Manner; which was no ſooner done, than the People huzza'd him ſeveral Times; and flung up their Hats, in Token of their Approbation: Upon which he addreſſed them again, with an earneſt Exhortation to behave with Decency and Peaceableneſs, which quieted them for ſome Time.

Extract of a Letter from Paris, March 6.

"The Prince de Rohan meets with great Obſtacles in the Eſtabliſhment of a Militia at St. Domingo. A private Letter, juſt received from Rochfort, imports, that a Ship was arrived there from St. Domingo, with Advice, that the Inhabitants of Leoganne and Goave had revolted, and taken Arms, and already muſtered 800 Horſemen, and a great Number of Foot: That they had given the other Inhabitants of the Iſland to underſtand, that if they did not join them immediately, their Houſes ſhould be ſet on Fire; and had even carried their Threats into Execution, with regard to ſome who did not think proper to join in the Revolt; inſomuch that the Prince de Rohan was obliged to march the Royal Legion againſt the Deſperadoes, to bring them to Reaſon."

Dublin, March 18. At the Shop of Mr. Hinds, Silkthrowſter, in New-row, Thomas-ſtreet, is a Rat that earns Three Shillings a Day by winding Silk.

HALIFAX,

April 13. On Friday laſt, at the Supreme Court, Frances Shannon, an Infant, about the Age of 10 Years, was tried for the Murder of her Siſter Mary Shannon, another Infant, about 4 Years of Age, and convicted of Manſlaughter at large.

April 20. On Friday laſt, the 14th Inſtant, Frances Shannon, convicted of Manſlaughter, was brought to the Bar of the Supreme Court to receive Judgment, and having prayed the Benefit of the Provincial Act, the ſame was allowed, and pleading a Pardon of burning in the Hand, the ſame was read, allowed and recorded, and the Priſoner was diſcharged by Proclamation.

BOSTON, May 4.

It has been reported, that Lieutenant General Sir Jeffery Amherſt, Colonel of the 3d Regiment of Foot, would be appointed Commander in Chief of his Majeſty's Forces in America, and Governor of this Province; it has alſo been reported, that Lieutenant General Studholme Hodgſon, Colonel of the 4th Regiment, will be appointed to the ſaid Command, and to the Government; while others report, that his Excellency Thomas Pownall, Eſq; formerly Governor of this Province, will again be appointed to this Government; but we do not learn whether there is any Foundation for any of theſe Reports.

May 8. Laſt Friday the Freeholders, and other Inhabitants of this Town, legally warned, met at Faneuil-Hall, and there made Choice of the following Gentlemen to repreſent them in the General Aſſembly at the approaching Seſſion.----The Number of Voters being 508.

The Hon. JAMES OTIS, Eſq; - -	502
The Hon. THOMAS CUSHING, Eſq; - -	502
Mr. SAMUEL ADAMS, - - - -	503
JOHN HANCOCK, Eſq; - - - -	505

Previous to the above Choice, the following Vote was paſſed, *Nemine Contradicente, viz.*

Voted, That the Town, before they proceed upon the Buſineſs of this Day, do make, or order to be entered upon their Records, the following Declaration of their Rights and Freedom of their Elections, *viz.*

The Select-men having acquainted the Town, that they had waited on General MACKAY, Commander of his Majeſty's Forces quartered here, to inform him, that the Choice of Perſons to repreſent this Town in the General Aſſembly was coming on, and to claim in Behalf of the Town the full Right of Britiſh Freeholders and Subjects upon ſo important an Occaſion, founded in the Principles of the Britiſh Conſtitution.-----The Select-men having alſo acquainted the Town, that the General had declared, that it was not in his Power to march the Troops out of the Town upon this Occaſion, or any further to comply with their Claim, than by confining the Troops to their Barracks, which he engaged to do.

The Town, tho' they receive this Anſwer as a Conceſſion of the Rectitude of the Claim, yet as the Meaſure of confining the Troops to their *Barracks*, and not removing them out of Town, is by no Means adequate to the Extent of their conſtitutional Right, they cannot proceed to an Election, without declaring their clear and full Senſe, that the Reſidence of armed Forces in the Town, during an Election of ſo great Importance, is a high Infringement of their conſtitutional Rights; *proteſting*, that their proceeding to an Election under ſuch a Circumſtance, is wholly from Neceſſity, and not to be conſidered as a Precedent at any Time hereafter, or conſtrued as a voluntary receding from the inconteſtible Rights of Britiſh Subjects and Freeholders, on ſo intereſting an Occaſion.

We are informed that the Freeholders, and other Inhabitants of the Town of Cambridge, met on the 5th Inſtant, and made Choice of Mr. Thomas Gardner, as their Repreſentative, and at the ſame Time voted the following Inſtructions.

1ſt, We expect that you will, to the utmoſt of your Power, ſupport, maintain, and defend his moſt ſacred Majeſty GEORGE the Third, our rightful Sovereign, his Crown, Dignity and Family.

2dly, You are to uſe your beſt Endeavours, that our invaluable Charter, Liberties, Privileges and Immunities, *dearly* purchaſed by our *Anceſtors*, and all the RIGHTS derived to them from the invariable *Law* of *God* and *Nature*, be tranſmitted inviolable, to the *lateſt Poſterity*.

3dly, We apprehend, that no Power on *Earth* can juſtly *deprive us* of our eſſential *Rights*, and that *no Man* can be ſafe either as to his *Life*, *Liberty* or *Property*, if a contrary Doctrine ſhould prevail; therefore *we* recommend to you a firm, but prudent Oppoſition to all unconſtitutional Meaſures.

4thly, We enjoin, that by no Means you vote for the Draft of any Money out of the public Treaſury, unleſs the Occaſion be emergent, and warranted by the Maxims of Equity, the Principles of our happy Conſtitution, and Precedents juſtly reſulting from the ſame.

Extract of a Letter from St. Nichola, on the Iſland of Hiſpaniola, April 7, 1769.

"There have lately been great Diſturbances among the French, in and about Port au Prince; large Sugar Drogers are taken up to carry Troops from one Place to another, and the Men preſſed out of the ſmall Craft that go to the Bite of Leoganne, &c.---- We know but little of the Cauſe of this Uneaſineſs, as they keep as much from us as they can; it is now ſaid Things are quiet there, as the Commandant has hanged ſome of the Ringleaders, and ſent ſome others to France.----Trade is very dull here, and nothing from America bears any Price."

NEWPORT, *May* 8.

Laſt Monday Morning, a Woman in Exeter, in this Colony, was ſafely delivered of her twentieth Child, having 18 Children now living.

Extract of a Letter from a Merchant in London, to another in this Place, dated March 23.

"All the Am------n Petitions were rejected by the Houſe of Commons this Day, and not allowed to be read, which cauſes great Confuſion among the Merchants here."

NEW-YORK, May 8.

Monday and Tueſday laſt we had ſome hard Winds at North-eaſt, during which a Sloop from Coracoa, bound into this Port, Anthony Peres, Maſter, laden with Mahogany, and ſome Caſh on board, was unhappily drove aſhore on Deal Beach, a little to the Southward of Shrewſbury Inlet, whereby three Men loſt their Lives, and the Veſſel ſtove to Pieces:------The reſt of the People were ſaved, with the chief of the Caſh, and it is ſaid, ſome of the Cargo will be recovered.

Captain Gibbs arrived here Saturday laſt, in 23 Days from the Muſketo Shore, by whom we learn, that great Numbers of Settlers arrive daily from the Windward at that Place, where their new Governor, Mr Hodgſon, grants them Patents for Land on very eaſy Terms, and that it is like ſoon to be a fine Settlement, the Lands being as good as any in the Weſt-Indies.

May 15. Yeſterday the Duke of Cumberland Packet, Captain Goodridge, ſailed from hence with the Mail for Falmouth.

By a Jamaica Paper of the 8th of April, it appears, that they had Advice there from Hiſpaniola, that the regular Troops in that Iſland had two different Engagements with the Inhabitants, and were defeated in both, and that every Thing there was in the greateſt Confuſion and Diſorder.

Wedneſday laſt was committed to our Goal, for paſſing counterfeit Dollars, a certain John Jubeart, born on Staten-Iſland, a Blackſmith by Trade. The Quantity found upon him was 10 in Number, 9 of which were dated 1763, and one 1761: They are ſtruck with a Die, the Edges milled, and appear of a dirty white Colour, tinged with yellow; they are very little lighter than the true Ones, the Impreſſion not ſo high or broad, the two Globes between the Pillars appear ſunk, and the Edge of an unequal Thickneſs, the Milling of which in one Place is not joined: They ring well, and are ſuppoſed to be a Compound of Copper and Tin, lightly ſilvered over, which may be eaſily ſcraped off.

PHILADELPHIA, May 18.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in London, Feb. 6, 1769.

"How long we may be permitted to carry on a friendly Communication, will become a Queſtion, as the Sword of Civil War ſeems ready to ſtart from the Scabbard, and eager to be imbrued in Brother's Blood. Our M------y, who, by the Power of giving Places and Penſions, have ſecured a Majority in both H----s of P--------t, are determined to carry their Point againſt the Freedom of America, and by that Means to pave the Way for an Attack on our Conſtitution; and will ſpare no Blood or Treaſure (except their own) to effect this infamous Purpoſe; nor do I ſee, at preſent, any Thing to prevent it, but a popular Commotion, which, indeed, our People ſeem ripe for, and want only a few able Leaders; whether Wilkes will prove one, I cannot determine, but thus far I can aſſure you, that, ſetting aſide all Prejudices and popular Clamour againſt his former Irregularities, we muſt acknowledge, that he has done and ſuffered more for the Cauſe of Liberty, than any Patriot in our Time; and in all his latter Conduct, he has been ſo ſteady, and ſo conſiſtent, that it has gained him univerſal Applauſe. I ſay *univerſal*; for he is not only idolized by the Mob but carreſſed and ſupported by a great Majority of ſenſible thinking Men in this City, and the Counties around it.

"Your Memorial from Philadelphia will come to nothing, at leaſt I fear ſo. I attended the Meeting of the Merchants and Manufacturers, and we choſe a reſpectable Committee to wait on the M------y; but what could be expected from Men who had already taken their Party; and who have not the leaſt Idea of Juſtice or Liberty."

Extract of another Letter from the ſame Gentleman, March 4.

"Since the Account I gave you in my laſt, of your Philadelphia Memorial, I find that all my Suggeſtions are confirmed, and that no Relief is to be expected for our Colonies. I underſtand that your Province will, immediately on this News, follow the Example of Boſton, and New-York, and ſtop the Importation of European Goods; this Plan, if univerſal, might have ſome Effect, but if partial, will only tend to your own Prejudice, and inflame Meaſures ſtill more."

In a Letter from London, of March 6, *there is the following Paragraph.*

"I am perſuaded that I ſhewed ſome Judgment in my laſt Letter, when I ventured to pronounce, that this Country would know too well the Value of the Colonies, to ſuffer theſe unhappy Differences that have ariſen, to be carried to a much greater Heighth; and, without pretending to be let into the Cabinet Secrets, I ſtill hold the ſame Opinion, notwithſtanding the Boſtonian Grievances are *red-dreſſed*, as a witty News-paper of this Day informs us."

Extract of a Letter from London, March 8.

"A heavy Cloud continues to hang over the Public Face of Affairs. The Miniſtry ſeem totally to have loſt the Confidence of the People. The violent Declarations which they have made, and the arbitrary Meaſures they are purſuing, do no great Honour to their Abilities, nor the exorbitant Deficiency of the Civil Liſt, to their Integrity. As far as I can learn, they are however likely to continue in Power, and perhaps for this Reaſon, that, in the preſent embroiled State of Affairs, no other Sett are found deſperate enough to undertake it after them."

Extract of a Letter from London, March 9.

"Nothing has tranſpired reſpecting public Affairs ſince the Letter to your Committee; ſhould any favourable Opportunity preſent, you may depend on our utmoſt Endeavours for the Good of America; and ſhould the Merchants in your Province withhold having Goods from us, we hope they will avoid any tumultuous Proceedings, and then it cannot be conſtrued in your Diſfavour, as in the other Provinces."---

Extract of a Letter from London, March 11, 1769.

"I am apt to imagine, that the preſent Seſſion of Parliament will wear away, without being marked by any material Event; for they are expected to break up ſoon after the Eaſter Holidays---They have already ſettled with the Eaſt-India Company;----they have voted their Supremacy over the Colonies, and there I fancy this Matter will ſtick till next Year;----they have given the King £ 513,500, to pay his Civil Liſt Debts;----and as for Wilkes, nothing remains but to reject him when he is re-choſen, and ſo the County muſt be content with one Member for the reſt of this Parliament. It may happen, however, that if any Perſon is put up

against him, that Perſon, whoever he is, and however great his Minority upon the Poll, will be received by the Houſe for the ſitting Member.-----But, diſregarding every thing relating to Wilkes, and every thing elſe, I conſider our Difference with North-America, as the moſt material Affair now depending. No Steps are yet taken, or even talked of, to heal the Breach, tho' it be every Day growing wider. Much will depend upon the Effect this will have on our Manufacturers during the Courſe of next Summer. You ſeem determined to be frugal, and to ceaſe from the further Importation of Engliſh Goods, as much as poſſible; and here they ſeem at a Loſs how to recede from the Plan of Conduct already adopted.-----I am really ſorry I cannot give you ſome more material Intelligence; but Things are ſo oddly circumſtanced, that there is no writing ſatisfactorily upon the Subject juſt now.-----Lord Chatham, it was expected, would have ſtept forward this Seſſion, but it ſeems his Time is not yet come. He is now in pretty good Health.-----George Grenville, tho' he hath, upon ſome Occaſions, endeavoured to thwart the Miniſtry, in the Houſe has been, upon the whole, very quiet; and as the Adminiſtration have a conſiderable Majority on their Side, I do not imagine there is much Reaſon to expect any Change ſoon. Indeed we have hardly any to chooſe, unleſs thoſe who have already been tried to little Purpoſe."

Captain Sparks, from London, on the 8th Inſtant, in Lat. 32: 40, Long. 72: 40, ſpoke a Snow, Captain M'Carroll, from Virginia for Antigua, out 7 Days; there was a Schooner in Company, alſo from Virginia for the ſame Iſland.

Captain Scott, from Briſtol, on the 18th ult. in Lat. 36, Long. 52, ſpoke a Schooner, Captain Brown, from Boſton for Madeira, 15 Days out; 20th, in Lat. 36, ſpoke a Snow, from Virginia for Gibraltar, 11 Days out; and on the 7th Inſtant, in the ſame Latitude, he ſpoke a Brig, from Virginia for Glaſgow, out 3 Days, all well.-----On his Paſſage he met with very heavy Gales, and on the 22d of April he received conſiderable Damage in his Sails and Rigging by a Whirlwind.

Captain Dunn, from Cork, on the 29th of laſt Month, in Lat. 37, ſpoke a Brig, Captain Taylor, from Liverpool for Baltimore, out 4 Weeks; and on the 10th Inſtant, in Lat. 38: 24, he ſpoke a Schooner from New London for the Weſtern Iſlands, 4 Days out. On the 12th Inſtant, being in Sight of the Land, Captain Dunn ſaw a large Veſſel diſmaſted, but being a great Diſtance from her, he could not diſtinguiſh what ſhe was.

Captain Young, from Briſtol, on the 7th Inſtant, in Lat. 30: 55, ſpoke a Snow from Liſbon for South-Carolina, out 47 Days; 9th, in Lat. 34: 41, ſpoke a Snow from Nantz for Virginia; and on the 11th he ſpoke with Captain Wattle, in a Schooner from Turks Iſland for New-London, 12 Days out.

Captain Kent, from Liſbon, on the 7th Inſtant, in Lat. 28: 49, Long. 63, ſpoke the Brig Betſy, Captain Hutchings, of this Port, from Norfolk, bound to Barbados, 10 Days out, all well; and on the 10th, in Lat. 36, Long. 73, he ſpoke the Ship Amelia, belonging to Briſtol, from Antigua for Virginia, with Slaves on board, 11 Days out, all well.

Captain Rollins, in 36 Days from the Muſquito Shore, informs, that three Days after he ſailed, he came acroſs the Wreck of a Ship overſet, about 300 Tons Burthen, which he ſuppoſed had been aſhore on ſome of the Keys, and drifted off again, as her Bottom was much damaged; ſhe had a Figure Head, and large Quarter Galleries, appeared to be American built, and had Staves between Decks; but the Sea running very high, he could not learn further Particulars.

Captain Fearns, from the Grenades, on the 10th Inſtant, in Lat. 36, Long. 71, ſpoke a Snow, Captain Irwin, from Glaſgow for Virginia, out 7 Weeks, all well; and off our Capes, he ſpoke a Sloop, from Boſton for Baltimore, but did not learn the Maſter's Name.

Captain Younghuſband, arrived in Virginia from Liverpool, ſpoke with Captain Falconer, from this Port for London, 160 Leagues from our Capes, all well.

Captain Winn, arrived at New-York from London, on the 24th ult. in Lat. 38, Long. 66, ſpoke the Snow King George, Captain Potts, of this Port, bound to Liſbon from Maryland.

From Annapolis we learn, that the Merchants, Traders, &c. of Maryland, are to have a Meeting there on Monday next, in order to conſult on the moſt effectual Means to promote Frugality, and leſſen the future Importation of Goods from Great-Britain.

About three Weeks ago, one Burbige, near Ligonier, and an Indian, went out to hunt, and meeting with Ducks, Burbige advanced to ſhoot at them, on which the Indian ſhot him, and made up to tomahawk him; but Burbige turning, and pointing his Gun, the Indian went off.------Burbige lay at the Place till next Day, when the Neighbours went in Search of him, and found him.----- He lived 5 or 6 Days after.----It is thought, that the Indian's Motive for killing Burbige, was to get his Gun.

*** *For a Piece relating to the Connecticut Peoples Claim to the Lands at Wioming; and for more European Intelligence, ſee the Supplement.*

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Brig Two Janes, A. Kent, from Liſbon. Sloop Sally, E. Gray, and Sloop Diana, L. Gray, Falmouth. Sloop John, J. James, St. Martins. Sloop Cape-Fear Packet, E. Hanſon, N. Carolina. Sloop John and Suſanna, J. Cook, and Sloop Succeſs, J. Byrne, Virginia. Sloop Unity, J. Buchannan, and Schooner Polly, J. Sibbald, Boſton. Brig Ann and Catherine, J. Cooper, Halifax. Schooner Britannia, H. Johnſton, Salem, N. E. Brig Conſtant Friends, M. Fearns, Grenades. Sloop Endeavour, G. Ellis, N. York. Sloop Deborah, J. Waterman, Nantucket. Ship Mary and Elizabeth, J. Sparks, London. Ship Chalkley, P. Young, and Ship Hercules, J. Scott, Briſtol. Sloop Betſy, S. Skinner, Maryland. Sloop Ranger, J. Beak, and Snow Fortune, G. Crowninſhield, from St. Kitts.

Outwards. Sloop Eſther, R. Pitt, for Bermuda. Brig Mansfield, S. Harvey, and Sloop Hannah, W. Goodwin, Quebec. Sloop Alice, B. Newbold, Tortola. Ship Elizabeth, D. Brown, Cork. Brig Samuel, J. Allen, Londonderry. Sloop Lovely Laſs, D. Badger. Maryland. Brig Paragon, S. Smith, St. Euſtatia. Brig Abigail, J. Guitton, Liſbon. Sloop Exchange, H. Adamſon, Barbados. Sloop John, J. James, St. Vincents. Snow Peggy, W. Haſtie, Newfoundland. Ship Marquis of Granby, A. M'Ilwaine, Dover. Sloop Diana, J. Gray, for Gut of Canſo.

Cleared. Sloop Three Friends, N. Cooper, to Bermuda. Schooner Nancy, J. Warner, Sloop Polly, J. Golly, and Sloop Hannah, W. Goffigon, N. Carolina. Sloop Rachel, S. Parker, Virginia. Sloop Sally, R. Alberſon, and Sloop Dove, D. Ferguſon, N. York. Snow New Molly, W. Kerlin, and Brig Nancy, W. Adamſon, Liſbon. Brig Elizabeth and Mary, J. Thompſon, Cork. Brig James, J. Johnſon, St. Kitts. Brig Speedwell, J. Cox, Grenades. Schooner Sally, J. Lavigne, Hiſpaniola. Brig Elizabeth, C. Weſt, and Snow Sally, H. Robinſon, Jamaica. Ship Sally, P. Brown, Madeira. Brig Elizabeth, G. Pearce, Piſcataqua. Sloop Polly, J. Higgs, to St. Vincents.

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HOUSHOLD FURNITURE, and ſundry other Articles, to be ſold by public Vendue, at the Subſcriber's Dwelling-houſe, at the Corner of Second and Union-ſtreets. The Sale will begin on Wedneſday, the 24th Day of this inſtant May, at Nine o' Clock in the Morning. CHARLES COXE. §1w.

To be LETT on a LEASE for 5 or 7 Years, and may be entered on immediately,

THE dwelling-houſe, brew-houſe, and appurtenances thereunto belonging (lately in the tenure of Humphrey Robinſon and Company) ſituate in Sixth-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets: The works are now in good order, ready for carrying on the brewing buſineſs; therefore any perſon or perſons that are inclinable to rent the ſaid premiſes, may have the ſame upon eaſy terms, by applying to the owner,

‡ 5ſ. tbctf REYNOLD KEEN.

Philadelphia, May 16, 1769.

JUST IMPORTED, in the Ship Chalkley, Peter Young, Commander, from BRISTOL, A Number of healthy, likely, Engliſh and Welch indented SERVANTS, moſt of them are Youths, from 14 to 21 Years of Age, amongſt whom are ſeveral Tradeſmen; alſo ſeveral young Women, whoſe Times are to be diſpoſed of by JAMES and DRINKER, or by the Captain on board ſaid Ship, at their Wharff.

Philadelphia, May 16, 1769.

TO be SOLD on board the HERCULES, CAPTAIN SCOTT, from Briſtol, and now lying off Market-ſtreet wharff, a few ſervant MEN, WOMEN and BOYS, chiefly tradeſmen, viz. A File-maker, Mathematician, Painters and Glaziers, Shoemakers, a Plaiſterer, Coach-maker, Sawyer, &c. Alſo a few boxes of lemons, grindſtones, Smith's and houſe coal. For terms apply to THOMAS SAVADGE, or ſaid Maſter on board.

WANTED immediately, a WET NURSE, who can come well recommended from the country. Enquire of the PRINTERS.

Was LOST, on Monday laſt, the 15th inſtant, ſuppoſed to be between Walnut and Market-ſtreets, in Third-ſtreet, a HEART DIAMOND HOOP RING. Whoever has found it, and will bring it to the PRINTERS, ſhall receive a reaſonable REWARD. Tbctf.

Juſt imported from London, in the Mary and Elizabeth, Captain Sparks, and

NOW OPENING,

And to be SOLD by

JOHN MITCHELL,

At his STORE in FRONT-STREET, between CHESTNUT and MARKET-STREETS,

A LARGE and neat ASSORTMENT of SPRING GOODS, which he will ſell on the very loweſt Terms, for CASH, or the uſual CREDIT.

MEASE and MILLER,

At their ſtore in Front-ſtreet, the corner of Gray's Alley, have juſt imported in the ſhip Mary and Elizabeth, Captain Sparks, the Fame, Captain Creighton, from London, and other veſſels from EUROPE,

A NEAT aſſortment of European and India GOODS, ſuitable for the ſeaſon, which they will ſell exceeding low for CASH, or the uſual CREDIT.

N. B. They have a parcel of Engliſh ſugar moulds and drips, fit for Sugar-bakers, which they will ſell conſiderably under firſt coſt; alſo a few crates of enamelled ſtone TEA WARE.

HENRY BARNHOLD, Grocer,

At the Golden Ball, in Second-ſtreet, the third door above the Engliſh Church, and oppoſite to Mr. William Whitebread's, Philadelphia, has for ſale,

BEST French and Spaniſh olives, French capers, anchovies, beſt Florence oyl, ſecond ditto, by the jar, gallon, quart, or ſmaller quantity, currants, raiſins, almonds, figs, pruans, citron, ſugar candy, loaf and Muſcovado ſugars, bohea tea, coffee, mace, cloves, cinnamon, nutmegs, whole and ground pepper, ditto alſpice, ditto ginger, ditto rice, oatmeal and grotts, pearl and Scotch barley, ſago, tamarinds, indigo, ſtarch, Jamaica ſpirits, Weſt-India rum, French brandy, Holland geneva, arrack, beſt Fontiniac wine and ſack, roſe water, wine and cyder vinegar, liquorice-ball, ſalt-petre, Glauber ſalts, allom, copperas, brimſtone, roſin, powder and ſhot, corks, ſpermaceti candles, ſweet meats, ſaffron, lamp oyl, brown paper by the ream, antimony, flour of ſulphur, camphire, chocolate, muſtard, and ſundry other articles, too tedious to mention.

N. B. Said BARNHOLD has a large and neat aſſortment of the above grocery, which he will ſell on the loweſt terms.

And as he is determined to procure the beſt of groceries, he hopes to give ſatisfaction to thoſe who pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom.

He buys all ſorts of EMPTY BOTTLES. †

GOOD HEMP,

So be SOLD, by

JOSEPH PEMBERTON,

On the North Side of RACE-STREET, the third Door from the Corner of THIRD-STREET. †5s. Tbc.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Friday, the 2d day of June, at 7 o'clock in the afternoon, at the London Coffee-houſe, a lot of ground, ſituate on the ſouth ſide of Market and eaſt ſide of Sixth-ſtreets, containing in front on Market-ſtreet 39 feet 9 inches, and extending back on Sixth-ſtreet 180 feet to Minor-ſtreet, having a large well built 3 ſtory brick meſſuage, 32 feet front, and 48 feet in depth, with large back buildings adjoining, thereon erected; alſo one other lot of ground, ſituate on the eaſt ſide of Sixth-ſtreet, and ſouth ſide of Minor-ſtreet, containing in front on Sixth-ſtreet 86 feet, and in depth on Minor-ſtreet 39 feet 9 inches, with a coach-houſe and ſtables erected thereon, both lots ſubject to a ground-rent of £ 16 Pennſylvania currency per annum. At the ſame time will be ſold, one other lot of ground, containing in front on Market-ſtreet 22 feet, and in depth 180 feet to Minor-ſtreet, adjoining the firſt deſcribed lot; alſo one other lot of ground, ſituate on the ſouth ſide of Minor-ſtreet, containing in front 18 feet 10 inches, and in depth 86 feet; late the eſtate of Alexander Stedman Eſq; ſeized and taken in execution, by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

Juſt imported in the Peggy, Captain Haſtie, from Glaſgow, and to be ſold at the loweſt rates, by

JOHN CORSE,

In Second-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets, next door to Mr. GEORGE RANKIN'S,

A NEAT aſſortment of merchandize, amongſt which are, Dozenbrigs, Scotch and Iriſh linens, checks of different widths, checked and ſtriped hollands, printed and check handkerchiefs, plain and ribbed white thread hoſe, brown and marbled ditto, white threads from No. 5 to 76; a variety of plain, ſtriped, ſpotted, figured and flowered lawns and ſilk gauzes, of all widths; fine 5 and 6-4 ſpotted, flowered and needle wrought aprons, figured, flowered and tape bordered handkerchiefs, Tartan plad, garters, &c. &c. &. ⇀ 6W.

For BRISTOL,

The Snow ANNA,

MASTER,

NOW lying at THOMAS CLIFFORD'S Wharff, is a good Veſſel, well accommodated for Paſſengers, great Part of her Cargoe ready to go on board, expected to ſail about the 1ſt of June. For Freight or Paſſage apply to THOMAS CLIFFORD and SON.

Baltimore-Town, May 8, 1769.

RAN away laſt night, from the ſubſcriber, living in Baltimore-Town, an Engliſh ſervant man, named HENRY CARTWRIGHT, about 5 feet 8 inches high, 24 years of age, freſh complexion, has ſhort light brown hair, wears it looſe about his ſhoulders, wants ſeveral of his teeth, broad ſhouldered, greatly bow-legged, had on when he went away, a new felt hat, a good green jacket, made ſailor faſhion, with buttons on the ſleeves, a ſtriped under ditto, a pair of black ſhag breeches, a light pair of worſted ſtockings, and a pair of yarn ribbed ditto in his pocket, a pair of ſoled ſhoes, and plain yellow buckles, a check ſhirt, and check handkerchief about his neck. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any goal, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have, if 20 miles from home, Twenty Shillings, if 40 miles, Forty Shillings, and if out of the province, Three Pounds reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by GEORGE PRESSTMAN §

TO be SOLD, by public vendue, on Saturday next, the 20th of May inſtant, at the London Coffee-Houſe, at 6 o' clock in the evening,

The SHIP FAME,

Now lying at Mr. BUCKRIDGE SIMS's wharff, burthen about 195 TONS.

Her INVENTORY may be ſeen at the COFFEE-HOUSE. ¶ 1w.

For LONDON,

The SHIP,

MARY & ELIZABETH,

JAMES SPARKS,

COMMANDER,

SHE is a good ſhip, and has extraordinary accommodations for paſſengers, part of her cargoe ready to go on board, will ſail with all convenient ſpeed. For freight or paſſage apply to JOHN HEAD, the MASTER on board the Ship, at Riche's wharff, or at the London Coffee-Houſe.

N. B. Said HEAD has imported in the above ſhip, and other veſſels, a large aſſortment of European, with ſome India GOODS, ſuitable for the preſent and enſuing ſeaſon, amongſt which is Bohea tea of the beſt quality, which he will ſell on reaſonable terms. Philad. 5th Month 18, 1769.

Imported in the laſt Veſſels from LONDON, and to be SOLD by DAVID HALL, at the New Printing-Office, in Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia, a general Aſſortment of BOOKS, and STATIONARY; among which are,

ROBERTSON's Hiſtory of Charles the Fifth, 3 Vols. Quarto; Lyttleton's Hiſtory of Henry the Second, 4 Vols. Octavo; Ruffhead's Life of Pope; Marine Dictionary; Anderſon's Hiſtory of France, 2 Vols. Folio; Bacon's Abridgment, 5 Vols. Owen's Dictionary of Arts and Sciences; Ruſſian Code of Laws; Storke's Hiſtory of Eaſt-Florida; Monthly Reviews; Gentleman's, London and Univerſal Magazines; Ladies and Gentleman's Memorandum Books, &c. &c. &c. Alſo PAPER of all Sorts, by the Ream, or ſmaller Quantity.

TWO DOLLARS Reward.

STRAYED away, the 9th inſtant, a dark bay MARE, near 15 hands high, four years old, has a high boney forehead, a ſtar in her face, and a ſmall ſtroke of white on one ſide her noſe; ſhe trots very light, but is apt to cut herſelf behind, and had her heels a little ſwelled when ſhe went away. Whoever takes up ſaid MARE, and will bring her to JOHN CHANDLER's, at the Fox and Hounds, in Fourth-ſtreet, ſhall receive the above reward, and all reaſonable charges paid. ‡

Philadelphia, May 16, 1769.

RAN away laſt night from the ſubſcriber, an apprentice lad, named Peter Peterſon, about 19 years of age, near 5 feet 7 inches high, much marked with the ſmall-pox, has red hair, and a ſandy complexion, had on, when he went away, a light blue coloured cloth coat, and breeches of the ſame, and a light coloured cloth jacket, an old caſtor hat, white ſhirt, thread ſtockings, and old ſhoes. Whoever takes up ſaid apprentice, and brings him to MATTHIAS LANDENBERGER, ſhall receive a reward of SIX-PENCE for their trouble. ‖

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of JEMIMA JONES, deceaſed, widow of DANIEL JONES, late of Philadelphia, Chair-maker, are deſired to pay; and thoſe who have any demands againſt the eſtate, are requeſted to bring in their accompts to WILLIAM SAVERY, CALEB ATTMORE, } Executors.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND, at the upper end of Germantown, containing about 15 acres, with a good ſtone houſe, two ſtories high, 40 feet front, 2 rooms on a floor, a convenient out-houſe for a tenant, a framed ſtable and chaiſe-houſe; about 5 acres of the land are well timbered, the other part improved in an handſome flower garden, and a large kitchen garden, an orchard of the beſt apple trees, and a great variety of the choiceſt cherries, pears, plumbs, apricots, grapes, and other fruits. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may view the premiſes, and know the terms, by applying to SAMUEL SHOEMAKER.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, living in Upper Freehold, Monmouth county, Eaſt-Jerſey, on the 24th of April laſt, a Negroe man, went formerly by the name of Arney's Joe, about 50 years of age, 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, a well ſet arch cunning rogue, wants his fore teeth, plays on the fiddle, is very much given to ſtrong drink, and pretends to be free; had on, when he went away, a brown homeſpun coat, two jackets, one a blue camblet, the other a brown homeſpun broadcloth, old buckſkin breeches, a coarſe tow ſhirt, blue yarn ſtockings, old ſhoes, tied with ſtrings, and two felt hats, one old, the other new. Any perſon bringing ſaid Negroe to the Subſcriber, or ſecuring him in any goal in the province, ſo that he may get him again, ſhall have Three Pounds reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by EMER JACKSON. ¶

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

On the 10th Day of June next enſuing the Date hereof, by the Subſcribers (Executrix and Executor of the Laſt Will and Teſtament of Joſhua Bond, late of Baltimore County, Maryland, deceaſed, and purſuant thereto, for Caſh, or ſhort Credit, on giving Security, if required,

A GOOD new Merchant-Mill and Griſt-Mill, double geered, which are compleatly finiſhed, with two Pair of Stones, two Boulting-Cloths and hoiſting Geers, all going by Water. A good new framed Saw-Mill, well covered, and running Geers, in good Repair. The ſaid Mills are built on an approved good Part of a never-failing Stream of Water, known by the Name of Winter's Run, and they being but about 6 Miles from Buſh-River Landing, and 7 Miles from Joppa, in ſaid County, and in a populous Neighbourhood, it renders the Griſt-Mill extraordinary well ſituated for getting Grain, either for Merchant or Country Griſt; and the Saw-Mill to have conſtant Employ, there being always great Demand for Plank of all Sorts. There is alſo to be ſold, with ſaid Mills, about 30 or 40 Acres of good Land adjoining thereto, well timbered, and great Part may (by little Expence) be made good Meadow of.

All Perſons that have any juſt Demands againſt the Eſtate of the aforeſaid Joſhua Bond, are hereby deſired to bring in their Accounts, regularly proved, that they may be adjuſted. And all thoſe that are indebted to the ſaid Eſtate, are hereby once more requeſted to make immediate Payment, and by their ſo doing they will prevent Trouble (that muſt enſue from their Non-payment) to themſelves, as well as to ANN BOND, Executrix,

May 13, 1769. ‖ WILLIAM BOND, Executor.

Waterford, Glouceſter County, May 15, 1769.

TO be ſold by way of public vendue, at Haddonfield, in the county aforeſaid, on Saturday, the 27th day of this inſtant, one Engliſh bay STALLION, near 14 *hands high, has a ſmall ſtar in his forehead. The vendue to begin at* 3 *o'clock in the afternoon of the day aforeſaid, at which time and place the conditions of ſale will be made known, and attendance given, by ISAAC JONES.*

N. B. The above deſcribed horſe was left with me, ſome time in November laſt. If the perſon who left him, or any perſon claiming property in the ſaid horſe, come and prove ſuch property, and pay the charges, accrued on account of him, before the day of ſale aforeſaid, they may have him again. ‡

Philadelphia, 5th Month 4, 1769.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of Nathan Shepherd, late of this City, Carter, either by Bond, Note, or Book Debt, are hereby deſired to make ſpeedy Payment to the Subſcribers; and thoſe that have any Accounts againſt him, are deſired to bring them in, in order to have them ſettled. THOMAS SHOEMAKER of Cheltenham, JOHN BROWN, ABRAHAM ROBINSON, of Philadelphia, Aſſignees. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

AN IRISH SERVANT MAN's TIME, who has above 4 Years to ſerve, and is fit for Town or Country Buſineſs. Enquire of the PRINTERS; JOSIAH DAVENPORT, at the Bunch of Grapes, in Third-ſtreet; or THOMAS TRUSTIN, Bricklayer, in Cherry-Alley.

FIFTY DOLLARS Reward.

BROKE out of goal, on the 15th of laſt April, from the ſubſcriber, high Sheriff of the county of Orange, one Claudius Smith, alias James Read, alias John Wright, about 5 feet 8 inches high, ſtraight and well built, and pale complexion, very light ſhort hair, and white beard; he has had 4 or 5 grains of powder blown in under his right eye; he has ſhort white teeth, and ſeldom ſhews them but when he laughs; he is a great bully, and will fight wherever he goes, being very conceited of his ſtrength: He had on very bad clothes when he went away, but it is ſuppoſed he will not wear them long, as he is a remarkable thief. He was confined for debt, theft, and rioting.-----He is a noted horſe ſtealer. Any perſon who takes up and ſecures the ſaid runaway, ſo that he may be had again, ſhall receive the above reward, and all reaſonable charges paid, by Jeſſe Woodhull, high Sheriff of the county of Orange, or by Jeremiah Colman, deputy Sheriff of the ſaid county. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

THE time of a likely ſervant MAN, having between 3 and 4 years to ſerve, by trade a Shoemaker. Enquire of the PRINTERS. ¶

STOLEN the 5th inſtant, out of a paſture in New-London townſhip, Cheſter county, a black HORSE, with a ſmall ſtar in his forehead, about 14 hands high, one of his hind feet white, and has a remarkable white ſpot on his near buttock, round bodied, and has not as yet caſt his hair, a natural pacer, and has a ſhort ſwitch tail. Any perſon who detects the thief, ſo that he be brought to juſtice, ſhall have Three Pounds reward, or Twenty Shillings for the HORSE only, paid by me WILLIAM M'DOWELL. §

Glouceſter Goal, in New-Jerſey, May 5, 1769.

WHEREAS the ſubſcriber hereof, having heretofore been poſſeſſed of goods and effects of ſome conſiderable value, but by the hardneſs of the times, and other misfortunes, he has been rendered incapable of ſatisfying his creditors demands, as ſome of his ſaid creditors have already ſtript him of all he had, and ſome others of his creditors are ſo relentleſs, notwithſtanding his diſtreſſed circumſtance and condition, have confined him, and refuſed to comply with any terms, till the whole of their debts are paid: Theſe are therefore to give notice to all perſons concerned, that he intends to apply at the next meeting of the General Aſſembly of this province of New-Jerſey, for relief in the premiſes.

† THOMAS WILSON.

WHEREAS in purſuance of an act of General Aſſembly of this province, intituled, an act for granting the ſum of Sixty Thouſand Pounds for the King's uſe, and for ſtriking Fifty-five Thouſand Pounds thereof in bills of Credit, and to provide a fund for ſinking the ſame, the following tract of located and unimproved land was duly valued, and rated by the Aſſeſſors, for the county of Northampton, at Five Pounds per hundred, the property of James Hayes, in the county of Suſſex, and province of Weſt New-Jerſey, viz. a tract of land, containing about 144 acres, ſituate in Delaware townſhip, in the county of Northampton; bounded by lands of Eliſha Decker, and others.

And whereas the owner of the ſaid tract of land hath neglected to pay the Collector of the ſaid townſhip, the ſum of Ten Shillings and Nine-pence, which, according to the ſaid valuation, was aſſeſſed and laid upon ſaid land, as the proportion thereof for one year for ſaid tax, by the ſaid act impoſed: We, the Commiſſioners of the county of Northampton aforeſaid, in purſuance of the ſaid act, do hereby give notice, that on the 15th day of Auguſt next, at the houſe of Jacob Swartwood, in Delaware townſhip, we will expoſe to ſale, by public vendue, the abovementioned tract of located unimproved land, or ſuch part thereof, as will be ſufficient to anſwer the ſaid tax, and all charges accruing by reaſon of non-payment thereof, to the higheſt bidder. The ſale to begin at 10 o'clock in the forenoon. Given under our hands at Eaſton, the 8th day of May, 1769. CASPER DOLL, JOHN WETSEL, HARMAN SNEIDER. ¶ 3M.

THIS is to give notice, that I, the ſubſcriber, together with JAMES MONTGOMERY, did execute a bond, bearing date the 28th day of May, 1764, conditioned for the payment of Twenty-five Pounds, payable to WILLIAM BENNET, on the 15th day of May, 1770. And whereas, before good witneſs, I have fully diſcounted and ſatisfied for ſaid bond, the ſame declared void, and under the ſaid William Bennet's hand to the ſame effect, altho' he could not then produce ſaid bond, as he ought to have done, as being ſome how miſlaid: I therefore hereby forewarn all perſons from taking any aſſignment thereof, as I am reſolved not to pay the ſame twice, except compelled thereto by law. Witneſs my hand, March 24, 1769.

§ JOHN CARSON.

N. B. There was a clauſe in ſaid bond for ſaid BENNET to make ſaid CARSON a patent, and it was for that it was diſcounted and paid.

WHEREAS ROBERT ROBESON obtained a note, dated the 21ſt of April, 1769, from the ſubſcriber hereof, for Thirty-four Pounds, which is part paid, as can be made appear by evidence, and the ſaid Robeſon not complying with the conditions agreed upon, and the ſubſcriber receiving no value, he intends not to pay the ſame: Theſe are to forewarn all perſons not to take any aſſignment of the ſame, as they may depend it will ſtand an action in law.

¶ WILLIAM SHEARER.

Lancaſter County, May 9, 1769.

WHEREAS a certain JAMES LYON did fraudulently obtain a note of me, the ſubſcriber, for the ſum of Thirteen Pounds, for which I never received the leaſt value: The public is therefore deſired to take no aſſignment of ſaid note, as I will not pay the ſame, unleſs compelled thereto by law.

¶ CHARLES ROGERS.

To be SOLD, by the Subſcriber,

A SMALL PLANTATION, on the Paſſyunk road, three-quarters of a mile from the city, containing about ten acres of choice graſs land, all in good order; it produces abundantly of the very beſt kinds of graſs; there is on it a new brick houſe, two rooms on a floor, a pump of good water, a garden, well fenced in with cedar boards, and a large barn. The whole will be ſold together, or parcelled out into ſmall lots of 2 or 3 acres each. Any reaſonable time will be allowed for the payment of the purchaſe money. CHARLES COXE. ¶

Philadelphia, April 19, 1769.

JOHN ORD, of this City, Merchant, having aſſigned to us, in Behalf of his Creditors, his Eſtate, both real and perſonal; Notice is hereby given to thoſe indebted to the ſaid Ord, by Bond, Book Account, or otherwiſe, immediately to pay off their reſpective Ballances; and thoſe who have any Demands on the ſaid Ord, are deſired to bring in their Accounts, to be adjuſted.

On Thurſday, the 18th of May next, at the London Coffee-houſe, at Six o'Clock in the Evening, will be ſold at public Sale, the Dwelling-houſe of the ſaid Ord, ſituate in Front-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets. BENJAMIN CREW, JOHN GIBSON.

¶ 8 W.

Philadelphia bottled BEER, and CYDER,

For exportation or home conſumption, ſold by

ISAAC GRAY,

At his warehouſe in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, near Strawberry-Alley;

Where may alſo be had, in large or ſmall quantities,

OLD Jamaica ſpirits; bottled claret and red port; Madeira, Mountain and Liſbon wines, in bottles, or otherwiſe; Geneva; London bottled Porter; Cheſhire and Glouceſter cheeſe; double and ſingle refined loaf and lump ſugars; green and bohea tea; coffee; chocolate, ſpices; indigo; flour of muſtard; pepper; ginger; corks; glue; cotton; cags of raiſins; bar lead, &c. ¶ 5 W.

N. B. Beer bottles bought and ſold by the dozen and groce.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Tueſday, the 23d of May, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the houſe of John Bartolet, in Buſſeltown, a certain meſſuage, and plantation or tract of land, ſituate partly in Lower Dublin, and partly in Abington townſhip, containing 65 acres, or thereabouts, bounded by lands of Thomas Bourne, William Watkins, and others; late the eſtate of Iſaac Taylor; ſeized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Tueſday, the 23d of May, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the houſe of John Bartolet, in Buſſeltown, a certain ſtone meſſuage, and lot or piece of ground, ſituate in Smithfield, in the Manor of Moreland, containing one acre and a half, and 20 ſquare perches, be the ſame more or leſs; bounded by the Southampton road, and lands of John Adkins, Abel Walton, and others; late the eſtate of John Dorland and wife; ſeized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Thurſday, the 25th of May, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, on the premiſes, a certain plantation, or tract of land, ſituate in the townſhip of Plymouth, containing about 18 acres, and 24 perches; bounded by lands of Alexander Liſſe, Barnabas Coulſton, John Coulſton, and the Great Manatawny road, having a two ſtory ſtone dwelling-houſe, ſtone barn, ſtables, &c. erected thereon; late the eſtate of William Lawrence; ſeized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Friday, the 26th of May, at the London Coffee-Houſe, at 7 o'clock in the evening, a certain brick meſſuage, and lot of ground, ſituate on the eaſt ſide of Third-ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth 19 feet, and in depth 140 feet; bounded weſtward by Third-ſtreet aforeſaid, northward by John Clifton's ground, eaſtward by the next deſcribed lot, and ſouthward by ground of John Thornhill, and others. Alſo a certain wooden ſhop, and lot of ground, ſituate the diſtance of 140 feet eaſtward from the eaſt ſide of Third-ſtreet, containing in breadth 55 feet, and in depth 55 feet; bounded northward by ground late of William Branſon, eaſtward with back lots, ſouthward with a lot of Thomas Griffith, and weſtward with the aforeſaid lot; late the eſtate of Henry Clifton; ſeized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of ſeveral writs to me directed, on the 19th day of May next, at the late dwelling-houſe of George May, in the townſhip of Great Egg-Harbour, will be expoſed to ſale, by public vendue, between the hours of 12 and 5 in the afternoon of ſaid day, the following deſcribed tracts and lots of land, meadow, and cedar ſwamp, viz. No. 1, contains 127 acres, on which is a good two ſtory frame dwelling-houſe and barn, with about 20 acres of cleared land, a griſt-mill and ſaw-mill, in good repair, on a large ſtream of water, ſituate on the northerly ſide of Great Egg-Harbour river, near the head of the tide; within a quarter of a mile from ſaid mills is a very convenient landing, where ſea veſſels can go and come full freighted. No. 2, is 100 acres of timber land, and includes the abovementioned landing. No. 3, is 101 acres of cedar ſwamp, about a mile from the above mills, lying on Badcock's creek, which is full of timber. No. 4, is 50 acres of marſh, on the oppoſite ſide of the river to the firſt lot, which is now banked, and makes good meadow. No. 5, is 50 acres of land and marſh, on the ſouth weſt ſide of the river, at a place called the Upper Pine Hammock. No. 6, is 50 acres of cedar ſwamp, on Gravelly Run, about 3 miles from the ſaid mills. No. 7, is 46 acres of land, and cedar ſwamp, lying on the ſaid river, including a landing, called Colt's Landing. Alſo 125 acres of cedar ſwamp, in two tracts, a few miles from ſaid mills. Throughout the above tracts of land, in many places, is found large quantities of iron ore, and the ſtream on which the mills are built, being ſufficient, it is thought a valuable iron work might be erected there, and its ſituation would render the exportation of it very convenient. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may view the premiſes, by applying to Charles Steelman, or Samuel Snell, near the ſame. Credit will be given for two thirds of the purchaſe money, with paying intereſt. The whole late the real eſtate of ſaid George May; ſeized in execution, and to be ſold by SAMUEL BLACKWOOD, Sheriff.

N. B. At the ſame time will be ſold, a quantity of Weſt-Jerſey rights. Glouceſter, April 27, 1769.

Drummore Townſhip, Lancaſter County, April 10, 1769.

To be ſold by way of public vendue, at the late dwelling-houſe of John Long, Store-keeper, in Drummore townſhip, Lancaſter county, on Saturday, the 20th day of May next, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon,

A PLANTATION and TRACT of warranted LAND, containing about 226 acres, ſituate in the ſaid townſhip of Drummore, now in the poſſeſſion of John Carſon, and belonging to the ſaid John Long, who has abſented himſelf from thoſe parts, without paying his creditors; which land is ſeized by attachment, and to be ſold by the ſubſcribers, as auditors appointed by the Court of Common Pleas, held for the ſaid county; and attendance will be given for that purpoſe, by us

ISAAC SAUNDERS, GEORGE M'CULLOUGH,

¶ and THOMAS PORTER, Auditors.

THE COUNTRY SEAT late of William Coleman, Eſq; within 4 Miles of the City of Philadelphia, on the Weſt Side of Wiſſahickon Road, will be ſold by public Vendue; it contains about 12 Acres, with a Houſe of 3 Rooms on a Floor, finiſhed in a neat Manner; an Out-houſe ſuitable for a Tenant, built of Stone, with 4 Fire-places, 2 on each Floor, and a Cellar under the whole, a good Stone Chair-houſe and Stable, a handſome Garden, a thriving Orchard of good Apple Trees, and other Fruit, and a Well of excellent Water. The whole Place being under good Poſt and Rail and Palliſadoe Fence. The Sale to be on the Premiſes at 3 o'Clock on Thurſday, the 18th of May inſt. Several Years Credit will be allowed for the whole, if required, on giving ſufficient Security, and paying Intereſt.

STRAYED, or ſtolen, from the Subſcriber, living in Weſt Whiteland townſhip, Cheſter county, the 26th of April, a bright bay mare, ſuppoſed to be 7 or 8 years old, a ſmall round body, black mane and tail, has a ſmall ſtar in her forehead, bob tail, branded on the near thigh P W, a natural pacer, goes very light, ſhod before, is very ſhy, and hard to catch. Whoever takes up the ſaid mare, and ſecures her, ſo that the owner may get her again, ſhall have Twenty Shillings reward; but if ſtolen, and will ſecure both mare and thief, ſo that he ſhall be brought to juſtice, Three Pounds, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN RIGG. §

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

On the 31ſt day of May inſt.

A VERY valuable tract of LAND, called Dunkeil, lying in Baltimore county, within a few Miles of Baltimore-Town, conſiſting of 599 acres, well ſituated for the navigable rivers of Buſh and Gunpowder; the land is exceeding well timbered, and the ſoil extremely fertile, equal to any in the county; there are ſeveral bottoms, which may be eaſily made into very valuable meadow, and contain ſeveral ſtreams of water; about 250 acres of upland are cleared, quite freſh, and not more than two ſeaſons in cultivation. There are ſeveral improvements, which, with a ſmall expence, may be made very valuable, and no ſituation better adapted for a farm. The title to ſaid land is indiſputable. Six months credit (without intereſt) will be allowed, on giving ſecurity. A general warrantee will be given to the purchaſer at the time of payment. For further particulars, enquire of JOHN PACA, of Baltimore county; WILLIAM PACA, in the city of Annapolis; or WILLIAM TOD, in Philadelphia; of whom they may receive any further information.

To be ſold by way of public vendue, on the firſt day of June next, on the premiſes, in the village of Artleborough, commonly called The Four Lanes End, in Bucks county,

A LOT of GROUND, containing about one quarter of an acre, on which there is a good two ſtory ſtone-houſe and kitchen, having two rooms on a floor, a good cellar under the ſame; one other houſe adjoining the kitchen, 40 feet long, and 20 wide, divided into two rooms for a ſtore-houſe and ſhop, with ſhelves in the ſame, ſufficient to hold a large quantity of goods, a large garret over the ſame, a framed chair and waggon-houſe, and ſmoak-houſe. One other lot of about 4 acres, with an orchard of upwards of 80 apple trees, a number of peach and cherry trees, a nurſery of above 1000 young apple trees, good ſtable and barrack on the ſaid lot; it is pleaſantly ſituated in a good part of the country for almoſt any public buſineſs, about 21 miles from Philadelphia, 7 from Briſtol, and 4 from Newtown; the buildings very good, and convenient for ſtore-keeping, or would ſuit a tradeſman of any kind. The conditions of payment will be made eaſy, and known at the time and place of ſale, by

‡ 4 w. JOHN THORNTON.

Juſt IMPORTED by

DAVID SPROAT, and Company,

And now opening at their Store, in Front-ſtreet, between Cheſtnut and Walnut-ſtreets, a large and neat Aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, which they will ſell on the loweſt Terms, viz.

A VARIETY of plain and flowered ſilk gauzes, with flowered bordered aprons and handkerchiefs of the neateſt and neweſt patterns, black and white catgut, thread gauzes, long lawns, check and kenting handkerchiefs, plain and flowered lawns, diaper and table linen, printed cottons and handkerchiefs; a large aſſortment of mens, womens and youths knit thread ſtockings, Iriſh and Scots linens, broadcloths, ſhalloons and buckrams, Scots carpets and carpeting, checks, ozenbrigs, dowlas and bed tick; a full aſſortment of the beſt white and coloured Scots threads, ſtriped and brown hollands, Tartan plad, womens ſtays, garters, bindings and tapes, mens ſhoes and boots, womens leather and ſtuff ſhoes, ivory and horn combs, Clarke's leather powder flaſks, ſhot bags and pen caſes, beſt Scotch ſnuff in bottles and bladders; an aſſortment of ſadlery, cutlery and hard ware; delph ware in hogſheads ſorted; new faſhion wine decanters, with ground ſtoppers, double flint pint and half pint tumblers and wine glaſſes, iron caſt work, conſiſting of camp ovens, with falſe bottoms, compleat; iron pots, ſaucepans, ſkillets, tea kettles and ſad irons, iron grates, ſuitable for chambers or ſtores, nails, and choice Scotch ale and porter in bottles, &c. &c.

Alſo a quantity of Carolina pitch, turpentine and roſin. 3 M.

ABRAHAM USHER,

HAS removed into Front-ſtreet, the fifth door above Walnut-ſtreet, to the ſtore Meſſieurs John and Lambert Cadwalader lately left, and has juſt imported in the laſt veſſels from London, Liverpool and Glaſgow; a large and general Aſſortment of European and Eaſt-India Goods, ſuitable for the ſeaſon, which he will ſell on the moſt reaſonable terms for caſh, or ſhort credit. 6 W.

To the PUBLIC,

JOHN ORD, has ſet up the Scrivener's buſineſs, and hereby gives notice, that any Gentleman, deſirous to buy or ſell eſtates, houſes, lands, yearly rent charges, annuities, &c. or to borrow or lend Money on good ſecurity, may be aſſiſted therein, by applying to him at his office, in Front-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets, where their buſineſs will be tranſacted with the greateſt care, diſpatch and ſecrecy. Thoſe who pleaſe to favour him in placing out their Money at intereſt, may be aſſured, that he will procure them undoubted ſecurity by mortgage or otherwiſe.

Said ORD, upon application, will, with accuracy, peruſe and examine titles to lands, &c. and inform the poſſeſſors or owners of the deeds relating to ſuch lands, of any defect in their titles, alſo what will be needful to ſupply or remedy ſuch defect.

JOHN ORD.

N. B. Said ORD has ſeveral title deeds, belonging to divers Perſons, who left them with Mr. John Reily, deceaſed; the owners are deſired to apply to him for them. Tbc

To be SOLD,

A NEAT CHARIOT,

LINED with light coloured cloth, painted green, gilt pannels, ſteel ſprings, iron axles, harneſs for a pair or four horſes, and very little the worſe for wear, having run only twelve months round this city. Enquire of the PRINTERS.

RUN away laſt night, from Newport, New-Caſtle county, upon Delaware, an Iriſh woman, named CATHERINE M'CLURE, a ſhort thick ſet woman, black hair, full eyes, has a kind of a liſp in her ſpeech, about 23 years of age; had on and took with her, when ſhe went away, a brown camblet gown, about half worn, a ſtriped linſey bed gown, one of ſtriped linen and cotton, and one of white linen, one ſtriped linſey petticoat, and one ditto of blue calimancoe, a chip hat, linen bonnet, and two pair of ſhoes. She had a young child, about 6 weeks old, and came in the night into an out kitchen of mine, and left the child, which was almoſt periſhed with cold, before it was perceived. Whoever takes up ſaid Catherine M'Clure, and ſecures her in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that ſhe may be brought to juſtice, ſhall have Twenty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me ROBERT SLATER. †

Imported in the laſt Veſſels from London, &c. A large Aſſortment of European and India Goods, to be diſpoſed of, on reaſonable Terms, for Caſh or ſhort Credit, by

JOSEPH SIMS,

At his Store, below the Drawbridge.

Said Sims has alſo to diſpoſe of, a large Copper STILL, and Worm for Ditto, which he will ſell very cheap. ‡

TO be SOLD at BENJAMIN KENDALL's ſtore, next door to the Tun and Croſs-Keys tavern, the corner of Third and Cheſtnut-ſtreets, wholeſale and retail, a large quantity of FLAX and HEMP, ready dreſſed, at the loweſt Prices. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A LIKELY NEGROE GIRL, who has about three years to ſerve. Enquire of the Printers. ‡

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

I SAW, the other day, in the Pennſylvania Chronicle, a ſhort ſtate of the Connecticut peoples claim to the lands at Wioming, on the Saſquehanna; and as there are many very material facts and circumſtances, relating to the title of thoſe lands, which are not inſerted therein, the following (which perhaps may explain the ſubject) may ſerve to divert the unwary adventurer in lands, from running into difficulties from which he may not find it eaſy to diſengage himſelf.

In the year 1662, at the time of the Connecticut charter, the Dutch, then in amity with the crown of England, were in poſſeſſion of what is now called the province of New-York, and alſo of the South River, now called Delaware, on both ſides of it; all which were ſurrendered to the crown of England, in the year 1664, and were alſo ceded by the treaty of 1674.

The countries which the Dutch had poſſeſſed on the continent, with ſome other tracts of land, were granted to the Duke of York, who, ſoon after the ſurrender of 1664, took poſſeſſion of the ſettlements of the North and South Rivers, and confirmed the old Dutch grants, and made new ones, as well on the weſt as the eaſt ſide of Delaware.

In the year 1664, commiſſioners were appointed by the crown, to ſettle, among other matters, the boundary between the colony of Connecticut, and the territory of the Duke of York, which boundary was eſteemed the weſtern limits of Connecticut; they accordingly made the following ſettlement, which was agreed to by the Governor and Aſſembly of Connecticut.

BY virtue of His Majeſty's commiſſion, we have heard the difference about the bounds of the patents granted to his Royal Highneſs the Duke of York, and His Majeſty's colony of Connecticut, and having diliberately conſidered all the reaſons alledged by Mr. Allen, ſenior, Mr. Gold, Mr. Richards, and Captain Winthrop, appointed by the Aſſembly, held at Hartford, the 13th of October, 1664, to accompany John Winthrop, Eſq; the Governor of His Majeſty's colony of Connecticut, to New-York, and to agree upon the bounds of the ſaid colony, why the ſaid Long Iſland ſhould be under the government of Connecticut (which are too long here to be recited) we do declare and order, that the ſouthern bounds of His Majeſty's colony of Connecticut, is the ſea, and that Long Iſland is to be under the government of his Royal Highneſs the Duke of York, as is expreſſed by plain words in the ſaid patents reſpectively, and alſo by virtue of His Majeſty's commiſſion, and by conſent of both the Governors and the gentlemen above named.

We order and declare, that the creek or river called Mamaroneck, which is reputed to be about thirteen miles to the eaſt of Weſt-Cheſter, and a line drawn from the eaſt point or ſide where the freſh water falls into the ſalt, at high-water mark, north north weſt, to the line at the Maſſachuſetts, be the weſtern bounds of the ſaid colony of Connecticut, and all plantations lying weſtward of that creek and line ſo drawn, to be under his Royal Highneſs's government, and all plantations lying eaſtward of that creek and line, to be under the government of Connecticut.

Given under our hands, at James Fort in New-York, on the iſland of Manhattens, this firſt day of December, 1664.

RICHARD NICHOLLS, S. MAVERICKE.
GEORGE CARTWRIGHT,

WE, the Governor, and Commiſſioners of the General Aſſembly of Connecticut, do give our conſent to the limits and bounds above mentioned; as witneſs our hands,

JOHN WINTHROP, ------- GOLD,
------ ALLEN, ſenior, JOHN WINTHROP, jun.
------ RICHARDS,

This boundary was thought to be unfavourably ſettled for the Duke of York, and it was afterwards altered by the Governors of New-York and Connecticut, in the year 1683, and run ſoon after, and confirmed by King William in council, in 1700; and in conſequence of this confirmation it was, as I have been informed, run again, as it now ſtands, in the year 1731.

The boundary between New-York and Connecticut, was always taken to be the weſtern limits of the latter, until a company of private people in Connecticut, about the year 1754, took up an opinion that their province extended weſtward to the South Sea (according to ſome expreſſions in the grant) and in the ſame year, 1754, at the time of the treaty of Albany, without any authority from their government, they attempted to make a purchaſe of the Delaware and Saſquehanna lands of the Six Nations, who refuſed both them and the proprietors of Pennſylvania, notwithſtanding which, they did obtain of ſome of the Indians then at Albany, in a private manner, a deed for thoſe lands, which I ſhall hereafter take occaſion to mention; and ſome time after, without any authority of government, began to make ſettlements on thoſe lands, in which they were oppoſed by the proprietors of Pennſylvania.

In 1761 the proprietors laid the caſe of the Connecticut intruſions, and the extent of the charter of that colony, before the preſent Lord Chancellor of England, the Lord Campden, then Attorney-general, who gave his opinion as follows.

IF all the colonies in North America were to remain at this day bounded, in point of right, as they are deſcribed in the original grants of each, I do not believe there is one ſettlement in that part of the globe, that has not, in ſome meaſure, either been encroached upon, or elſe uſurped upon its neighbours; ſo that, if the grants were of themſelves the only rule between the contending plantations, there never could be an end of their diſputes, without unſettling large tracts of land, where the inhabitants have no better title to produce, than either poſſeſſion or poſterior grants, which, in point of law, would be ſuperſeded by prior charters; hence I conceive that many other circumſtances muſt be taken into conſideration beſides the parchment boundary, for that may at this day be extended or narrowed by poſſeſſion, acquieſcence or agreement, by the ſituation and condition of the territory at the time of the grant, as well as by various other matters. With reſpect to the preſent diſpute, the weſtern boundary of Connecticut was barred at the time of the original grant, by the Dutch ſettlement, and the crown were deceived when they were prevailed upon to convey a territory which belonged to another ſtate, then in amity with the crown of England; beſides this objection, the ſettlement of the new boundary under the King's commiſſion, in 1664, and what is ſtill ſtronger, the new line marked out by agreement between this province and New-York, has now concluſively precluded Connecticut from advancing one foot beyond theſe limits.

It was abſolutely neceſſary for the crown, after the ceſſion of New Naberlands, to decide the claſhing rights of the Duke of York and the adjoining colonies, and therefore all that was done by virtue of that commiſſion then awarded for that purpoſe, muſt at this day be deemed valid, as the nations have, ever ſince that time, ſubmitted to thoſe determinations, and the colonies of New-York and Jerſey, ſubmit only upon the authority of thoſe acts.

I am of opinion, therefore, that the province of Connecticut has no right to reſume their ancient boundary, by overleaping the province of New-York, or to encroach upon the Pennſylvania grant, which was not made till after the Connecticut boundary had been reduced by new confines, which reſtored the lands beyond thoſe ſettlements weſtward, to the crown, and laid them open to a new grant. The ſtate of the country in diſpute, is a material ſtate reaſon why the crown ought to interpoſe in the preſent caſe, and put a ſtop to this growing miſchief. But I doubt this buſineſs cannot be adjuſted very ſoon, becauſe Mr. Penn muſt apply to the crown for relief, which method of proceeding will neceſſarily take up time, as the province of Connecticut muſt have notice, and be heard. C. PRATT. *March 7, 1761.*

The Duke of York having a grant, and being in poſſeſſion of the land ceded to the crown by the Dutch, was apprized of, and conſenting to the grant of Pennſylvania, which was to lay weſtward of the river Delaware; and the firſt proprietor was adviſed by his council, that as the Duke had a grant of all the countries which had been poſſeſſed by the Dutch before the ceſſion to the crown of Great-Britain, and the Delaware was within thoſe poſſeſſions, it would be proper to obtain the Duke's releaſe of his right to the Province of Pennſylvania, which was accordingly obtained in the year 1682.

In the year 1736, the Indians of the Six Nations releaſed all the land on each ſide the river Saſquehanna, from the mouth thereof, as far northward or upwards as that ridge of hills, called Tyoninhaſachta or Endleſs Mountains, weſtward to the ſetting of the ſun, and eaſtward to the fartheſt ſprings of the waters running into the ſaid river; and by the ſame deed covenanted, as they had done at ſundry times before, that neither they, nor their poſterity, would ever ſell or diſpoſe of any land within the province of Pennſylvania, to any, ſave to the proprietors and their children.

So early as the year 1700, an act of aſſembly (ſtill in force) was made, declaring all deeds void, which ſhould be made by the Indians, of lands within the province, to any but the proprietors.

In the year 1754, at the treaty of Albany, the commiſſioners of Pennſylvania very ſtrongly ſolicited the Indians of the Six Nations to make a grant of the Saſquehanna lands and Delaware lands, then unpurchaſed, but they then declared they would not allow them to be ſettled, but would reſerve them for their hunting quarters, and inſiſted that the proprietors ſhould neither ſettle them themſelves, nor ſuffer others to do it; and appointed an Indian, John Shiccalamy, who reſided near Shamokin, to overſee that part of the country, that no ſettlement ſhould be made on it. At the ſame time they confirmed the deed of 1736, and renewed their engagements not to ſell to any but the proprietors. The agents from Connecticut, at the treaty of Albany, were apprized of Mr. Penn's title to the Saſquehanna lands, and did not pretend to make a purchaſe of the Indians in that open and public manner that all Indian purchaſes, of any force or validity, are tranſacted. It may be true, that they did obtain a deed of ſome Indians there, but it is well known to have been done in a clandeſtine manner, by the intervention of one Lydius, a perſon who had abjured the Proteſtant religion in Canada, and was ſtrongly ſuſpected to be in the French intereſt; and it was at that time commonly reported in Albany, that he kept a deed open at his houſe, and procured the Indians to ſign it ſingly, for particular ſums of money given to each, as he could find them under the influence of ſtrong liquors, and it is the more probable that this was the caſe, as it is certain, that ſome time after, the Indians of the Six Nations, at the Onondago council, diſavowed this deed as fraudulent, as they did again in public, at the treaties of Eaſton and Fort Stanwix; and upon the ſettlements being made, by the people of Connecticut, on the Saſquehanna and Delaware, the Indians were greatly offended, and frequently complained to the Governor of Pennſylvania, that he ought to remove thoſe people, according to the proprietor's agreements not to ſuffer ſettlements to be made on thoſe lands; and at length, in the year 1763, cut off thoſe ſettlers. The intruſions of theſe people were laid before the Governors of Connecticut, at different times, by the Governors of Pennſylvania, and they as often gave aſſurances that the adventurers had not any countenance from the government.

Upon a view of the above ſtate, the Connecticut claim appears to be without foundation in law or equity.

The claim, by the extent of their charter, is groundleſs, according to Lord Campden's opinion, as the grant at firſt could not operate beyond the Dutch ſettlements to the weſtward; and if it could at firſt, it was precluded by the ſettlement in 1664 and 1683, and the long acquieſcence which followed: The lands in conteſt therefore cannot be ſaid to be within the province of Connecticut; they muſt of courſe be taken to be within Pennſylvania, the bounds of which undoubtedly include them, and then any Indian purchaſes the people of Connecticut can ſet up, are void by the act of aſſembly above ſtated; moreover thoſe purchaſes want the ſolemnity of an open and public tranſaction in council, which the Indians always eſteem neceſſary to give force and validity to their deeds; they have accordingly been diſavowed as private and fraudulent, by the Indians in their public councils; and if they had been ever ſo fairly tranſacted, the lands intended to be purchaſed, were liable to prior engagements and contracts with the proprietors of Pennſylvania, which were well known to thoſe who made the Connecticut purchaſes.

May 1, 1769. G. H.

PLOCKZO, February 10.

WE are aſſured, that a Body of 5000 Confederates have been totally defeated by a Party of Ruſſians in the Neighbourhood of Kalick; theſe barbarous Inſurgents attacked 500 of the Empreſs's Troops in an open Field; but a Party of Coſſacks having planted two Pieces of Cannon upon a little Eminence, galled the Confederates with ſo much Succeſs, that they were forced to make a precipitate Retreat into an adjacent Wood, which was partly inveſted by the Ruſſians, who cut down ſeveral of the Trees, by which the Rebels were expoſed to a continual Fire from their Artillery, which killed and wounded great Numbers of them.

Warſaw, Feb. 4. From the warlike Preparations making by the Ruſſians and the Ottoman Porte, we can foreſee that the firſt Campaign will be very ſharp, and very bloody.

Berlin, Feb. 14. We hear that the different Parties who aſſume the Diſtinction of Confederates of Poland, dare not approach the Confines of the King's Dominions, either on the Side of the Marche or that of Sileſia.

Conſtantinople, January 3. Many Turkiſh Soldiers, Natives of this City, who have been for ſome Months paſt on the Frontiers of the Empire, on the Side of Moldavia, are returned from thence. The Reaſon for which, they alledge, is the Rigour of the Climate; adding, that though they have had Meat and Rice, yet they were in Want of Coffee, a Beverage which they cannot do without; and beſides, that they had not ſeen one Enemy.

It is to be feared that they will be followed by many others; and, it is to be remarked, that Deſertion is not puniſhed among the Ottoman Troops; every Soldier may retire from Service when he pleaſes, without loſing his Pay.

From the LONDON GAZETTE.

St. JAMES's, March 6.

The following Addreſs of the Lord Lieutenant and Nobility, High Sheriff, Grand Jury, Gentlemen, and Clergy of the County of Eſſex, was this Day preſented to his Majeſty by Daniel Matthew, Eſq; High Sheriff of the ſaid County, being introduced by the Lord of His Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting, which Addreſs was moſt graciouſly received.

To the KING's moſt EXCELLENT MAJESTY,

The humble Addreſs of the Lord Lieutenant and Nobility, High Sheriff, Grand Jury, Gentlemen, and Clergy, aſſembled at the Aſſizes held at Chelmsford, in and for the County of Eſſex, on Thurſday, the Second Day of March, One Thouſand Seven Hundred and Sixty-nine.

Moſt gracious SOVEREIGN,

WHILST we feel the happy Effects, and retain in our Breaſts a moſt grateful Senſe of the Mildneſs and Benignity of Your Majeſty's Government, we cannot ſee, without the utmoſt Abhorrence, the Spirit of Sedition and Licentiouſneſs, which has lately manifeſted itſelf in ſuch various Shapes, with Deſign to leſſen the Reſpect and Affection due to Your Majeſty, to traduce and miſrepreſent Your Parliament, and to draw into Contempt the Authority of the Courts of Juſtice, which in no Time were more happily or more eminently ſupplied.

Every Part of the Conduct of theſe Diſturbers of the public Repoſe, appears to us as weak and unreaſonable, as it is wicked; yet we think ſuch Proceedings, if not timely checked, may operate to ſubvert the Conſtitution, and deſtroy that Liberty, which has been made the ſpecious but falſe Pretence for committing Outrages of the moſt dangerous and alarming Kind.---Already the Metropolis hath been frightened from its Security, Your Majeſty's Repoſe in the Seat of Your Government hath been moſt inſolently invaded, and the lawful Adminiſtration of Juſtice violently obſtructed. It therefore becomes our Duty, as Friends to the Conſtitution, and faithful Subjects to Your Majeſty, to lay theſe our Sentiments at the Foot of Your Throne, relying, with the firmeſt Confidence, on Your Majeſty's Wiſdom and Juſtice, for the Exertion of ſuch prudent and vigorous Meaſures as may reſtore Peace and good Order amongſt us. And we do aſſure Your Majeſty, that being fully perſuaded, that the Preſervation of the public Tranquility, and our own Safety, are inſeparable from the Security of Your Majeſty's Government, we are determined, at the Riſque of our Lives and Properties, to ſupport Your Royal Authority in ſuppreſſing and ſubduing all ſeditious and riotous Attempts, which threaten Deſtruction to the State, and diſturb the Happineſs and Honour of Your Reign."

LONDON.

Feb. 14. Letters from Cadiz mention, that 96 public Edifices, and 4048 Houſes, were totally deſtroyed by the late Hurricane at the Havanna.

Feb. 16. We hear that the Prince and Princeſs of Brunſwick are expected here again early in the Spring.

We hear a certain popular Gentleman has lately received a very conſiderable Preſent from the Members of the French Academy.

One Day laſt Week Mr. Wilkes was admitted a Member of the Antient and Honourable Society of Hiccobites, at the Mermaid, in Doctors Commons, and the next Day ſome of the Members waited on that Gentleman, at the King's Bench Priſon, with the Inſignia of the Order. We are informed, that the Motto to the above Society is, *Hic et Ubique*: And that when Mr. Wilkes received the Inſignia, he very pleaſantly ſaid, "Gentlemen, though I am now only *Hic*, I hope ſoon to be *Ubique*."

The Writer of a Letter, publiſhed this Morning, addreſſed to the Livery of London, obſerves, That the Nation is indebted 140 Millions; and that to pay the Intereſt of this Sum, all the Neceſſaries of Life are moſt grievouſly burthened with Taxes; he therefore adviſes the Livery to inſtruct their Members again, and to add this new Article to thoſe in their former Inſtructions, viz.

"Inſiſt, ſays he, on their enquiring by what Right the Eaſt-India Company preſume to withhold the Aſiatic Territories from his Majeſty, whoſe Beneficence is ready to apply them to the Eaſe of his Subjects, and the reinſtating the Power of his Kingdoms, if they are found to be unjuſtly retained, which I am confident is the Truth; there will then reſult to Government, the clear annual Revenue of at leaſt Three Millions; and theſe applied to the raiſing Money by Annuities, or in what other Method the Legiſlature ſhall think fit, will neceſſarily alleviate a Multitude of the preſent Taxes in a very ſhort Time, and the whole of them in no long Duration. The Duties on Beer, Coals, Candles, Soap, Salt, Leather, and a Variety of others, which are moſt oppreſſive on the Poor, may be ſpeedily removed; the Trade and Manufactures of the Kingdom will be revived, and the Nation empowered to look every Enemy in the Face, with the Conſciouſneſs of ſufficient Strength to ſupport a War, and to carry their native Bravery into Execution."

Feb. 18. Letters from Naples mention, that a Paper has lately appeared there, which is likely to occaſion very great Stir at Rome. This Paper contains a printed Petition to the King; to engage his Majeſty to re-unite to the Crown, the Right of Patronage over all the Churches in this Kingdom, which are poſſeſſed of royal Fiefs or Eſtates. The Petition has ſince been followed by an ample Memorial, in which the received Principles whereon his Majeſty's Right to them are founded, are diſcuſſed in ſo maſterly a Manner, that it is imagined the Reſumption will take Place. In ſhort, they expect there little leſs than the Renewal of the Days of Henry VIII. in the Seizure of moſt, if not all, the Abbey Land; for which Purpoſe the Matter of the ſaid Petition is to be immediately laid before the Junto of Abuſes.

A Letter from a Gentleman at Warſaw, dated Jan. 22, ſays, "Notwithſtanding the Reports to the contrary, you may depend upon it, that the Confederates increaſe daily, and have lately been very ſucceſsful in ſome of their Enterprizes. As they have already ſpread Confuſion and Terror wherever they come, what muſt be the Fate of the poor Diſſidents, when theſe Fanatics are ſtrengthened by the Turks and Tartars! The King and ſome of the Nobility, however, take the moſt effectual Steps imaginable, to prevent the Conſequences that may enſue from the inveterate Spirit of theſe Inſurgents."

A very ſenſible and pathetic Letter has been received from a Lady lately abſconded, in which ſhe acknowledges great Gratitude to the Perſon to whom it was addreſſed; and, that the Step ſhe has at preſent taken, was in Conſequence of ſo ſtrong an Attachment to a certain Gentleman, that had ſhe not purſued this Meaſure, it might have affected her Life; that therefore finding it impoſſible to be happy without the Poſſeſſion of that Gentleman, ſhe thought proper thus publicly to withdraw herſelf, rather than clandeſtinely raiſe to the Name and Fortune of the former Perſon a number of illegitimate Children; and this Reſolution ſtill further led her to confeſs her Suſpicions reſpecting her laſt Child.

Yeſterday two wealthy Jew Merchants had a long Conference with Mr. Wilkes, at his Apartments in the King's Bench Priſon.

Feb. 21. It has been jocoſely ſaid, that a Piece of Ground is taken near Brentford, to erect a Sett of Buildings in the Nature of Barracks, for the Uſe of the Freeholders of Middleſex, that they may be ready on the Spot to attend the ſeveral Elections, that are likely to be held, for electing a Member for the ſaid County.

We hear from Carnarvon, in Wales, that a few Days ago was married at that Place, Davy Davis, a labouring Man, aged 96, to a Widow of that Town, aged 84. The Children and Grand Children of the Bride and Bridegroom, who attended the Wedding, were 48 in Number.

The laſt advices from Sweden tell us, that at the extraordyet, which is ſpeedily to be held at Stockholm, the authority of the Crown, which is at preſent very much limited, will, by the general concurrence of the kingdom, be much enlarged.

Several Engliſh young noblemen and gentlemen are preparing, we hear, to embark for Germany, in their way to Ruſſia, in order to join the Ruſſian army, as volunteers, and make a campaign againſt the Turks.

February 23.

When Sir Robert Walpole was expelled the Houſe, the Parliaments were *triennial*, and Sir Robert was expelled in the very laſt ſeſſion of one of thoſe Parliaments. Sir Robert was a Candidate again, and oppoſed by Mr. Taylor; Sir Robert had the majority, and was declared duly elected. The Houſe reſolved that Sir Robert was not capacitated to ſit in that Parliament, but they reſolved alſo that Mr. Taylor was not choſen. The Houſe was near its diſſolution, and no writ was therefore iſſued for the choice of a member in the room of Sir Robert; and in the new Parliament that followed, Sir Robert was again choſen, and took his ſeat without oppoſition.

The Eaſt-India Country Ship, lately taken by two Arabian Cruizers at the Entrance of the Gulf of Perſia, was called the Bimlapatam. She is the fourth Veſſel taken within three Months between Baſſora and Bombay.

It is confidently aſſerted, that 12 patriotic Gentlemen have entered into an Agreement, generouſly to ſupport the popular Priſoner, for Life, by an Allowance of 12 Guineas per Week.---How much more lucky, could the Number be multiplied to juſt 45!

March 4.

Extract of a Letter from Plymouth, February 26.

"Laſt Night his Majeſty's Frigate Gibraltar, parted from her Moorings between the Iſland and the Main, and drove on the Rocks under the weſtermoſt Point of the Hoe, where ſhe now lies, with the Loſs of her Bowſprit, and all her Maſts, but it is thought the Hull and Stores will be ſaved."

A certain great Lawyer, who was retained on the Douglaſs Side, in the late Cauſe, having *ſanguinely* ſaid, that in caſe he ſhould loſe it, he would conſent to be hanged at the top of the Monument, was ſmartly told by a Lady in company, *We ſhall then, Sir, have the Satisfaction of literally ſeeing you Chief Juſtice in* AIR.

The Reaſon aſſigned for a late lucrative Appointment, is, that the Party had ſeemed diſſatisfied for ſome time before, and it was feared that he would take Part with the Oppoſition.

Inſcribed to the Duke of Grafton

TO BE SOLD,

By the SUBSCRIBER, and may be entered upon next Fall,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, and TRACT of LAND, containing 243 acres, situate on the river Delaware, in the township of Chester, in the County of Burlington, West-Jersey, about 10 miles from Cooper's Ferries, by land, and about the same distance from Philadelphia, by water; there is on said premises, a good two story framed house, a good kitchen, stone smoke-house, and sundry other convenient buildings, a small apple-orchard, and sundry other fruit trees, about 60 or 70 acres of upland cleared, and within good fence, which is very fertile for grain, or market truck; there is also about 20 acres of excellent meadow cleared, most part of which is under green grass and Timothy, and well secured from the tide, about 30 acres more may be made. The title is indisputable. Any person inclinable to purchase, may know the terms, by applying to the Subscriber, living on the premises, ISAAC ROGERS. §

THOMAS WEST,

Has removed from Market-street, into Second-street, between Market and Chestnut-streets; where he has to sell, Wholesale and Retail, on very low Terms, for ready Money,

A LARGE Assortment of MERCHANDIZE, suitable for the Season. 3 m.

MITCHELL and MURRAY,

Have now brought up to their Store, at Newtown, in Bucks County, the following large and general Assortment of European, East and West-India GOODS, the principal Part of which they have imported on the best Terms from the Manufacturers in England, and will sell nearly at prime Cost, being determined to supply the Country lower than has been done there for many Years past, for ready Money only,

SUPERFINE, middling, and coarse broadcloths; German serges; Wilton cloths; saggathies; duroys; naps; bearskins; rattinets; shaloons; durants; tammies; camblets; cross-barred stuffs; callimancoes; plain and flowered stuffs; poplins; silverets and messinets; Yorkshire plains; motly hunters; half-thicks; rugs; blankets; red and white flannels, embossed serges; Mecklenburgs; striped linceys; striped cottons; long ells; blue duffils; black, blue, and cloth coloured stocking breeches patterns; worsted damasks; flaxen, hempen, and Scotch oxenbrigs; Russia drillings; ravens duck; brown and white Russia sheetings; Irish sheetings; dowlas; 3-qr. and 7-eights blue and white striped tickens; 6-qr. 6-qr. and half, and 7-qr. bed bunts; clouting diapers; Russia diapers; striped linens and hollands; a variety of cottons; single and double purple calicoes; double purple ground, with two colours, and blue calicoes; low priced India calicoes; chintzes; spotted, flowered, and striped blue and white Bengals; striped and double purple ground, with two and three colours, and blue printed linens; muslins; 7-eights and yard wide cambricks and lawns; flowered lawns; plain, striped, and flowered silk gauze; plain and flowered bordered kenting handkerchiefs; Scotch check, Cumberland, Pitt, and King and Queen handkerchiefs; great variety of Scotch threads; nuns threads; stitching and cloth coloured, blue, black, green, yellow, and mix coloured taylors threads; 3-qr. 7-eights, and yard wide Irish linens, of all prices; long lawns; 10 nail, 11 nail, 3-qr. 7-eights, yard, and yd. and 3-eights wd. cotton and linen checks and stripes; Turkey stripes; yard wide and ell wide striped all Cottons; variety of Damascusses; pillow fustians; jeans and jeaners; everlastings; cotton velvets and velverets; thicksets, flowered and plain dimothies; mens, womens and girls cotton, thread and worsted hose; black, blue, and cloth coloured silk taffeties; ell wide and narrow persians; black, blue, white, green, and cloth coloured sattin pelongs; black, blue, white, changeable and cloth coloured Barcelona silk handkerchiefs; black silk cravats; spotted and flowered bandanoes, silk romals; spotted and flowered Irish silk handkerchiefs; black full sattin and patuasoy silks; variety of coloured mantua silks; a large and general assortment of flowered and plain ribbons; 2d. 3d. and 4d. silk ferrets; silk, cotton and thread laces; a great variety of Tully, flowered, and Scotch garters; broad and narrow worsted bindings; sewing silks of all colours; broad and narrow white and striped tapes and bobbings; a great variety of horse whips; pins of all sorts; needles; childrens shoes; ink-powder; nutmegs; cinnamon; cloves; mace; pepper; best bohea tea; ginger; an assortment of pewter; 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 20d. nails; shot; gunpowder; frying pans; steel; window glass; iron pots; cart boxes; a large assortment of saddlery wares; worsted and hair plushes; hinges; looking glasses; pistol-caped knives; cutteau knives; Barlow, childrens, and other penknives; razors; scissars; spectacles; brass ink-pots; snuff boxes; gilt and silver pattern buttons; great variety of plain and wrought knee and shoe buckles; ivory and horn combs; mens, womens, and girls cloth coloured and white lamb mitts and gloves; silk and worsted mitts; great variety of basket and deathhead silk and hair coat and breast buttons; jacket and shirt buttons; a great variety of colours of mohair and scarf twist; white and brown buckrams; hat-band and mourning crape; black crape for gowns; wool, cotton, and tow cards; an assortment of China wares; glass wares; a variety of cups and saucers, and delph wares; rum; sugars of all sorts; melasses; rice; coffee.

N. B. They hope no person will be displeased at being refused goods upon credit, as the large assortment they keep, and the low prices their goods are sold at, put it out of their power to sell but for ready money.

**** A boy is wanted to attend the store as an apprentice, or a [illegible] man on wages, apply to Randle Mitchell, in Philadelphia.*

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away, the 30th of March last, from the Subscriber, living in Newlin township, Chester county, an English servant man, named William Smithes, of a swarthy complexion, has strait black hair, about 5 feet 5 inches high, about 18 or 20 years of age; had on, and took with him, a brown camblet coat, more than half worn, with a small piece sewed between the shoulders, a seaman's blue jacket, with horn buttons, slash sleeves, and a good deal broken, two shirts, one white, the other check, old brown breeches, old tow trowsers, old felt hat, worsted stockings, and strong shoes, tied with thongs. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so that his master may have him again, shall have the above reward, paid by

JOHN BAILY.

N. B. All masters of vessels are are forbid to carry him off at their peril. ‡

Woodbridge, New-Jersey, April 21, 1769.

DANIEL WALTON, of the Manor of Moreland, in Philadelphia county, is hereby informed, that his runaway servant, JAMES BYRN, is in my custody, and he is desired to come, pay charges, and take him away.

¶ NATHANIEL HEARD.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, in Passyunk township, a chestnut bay HORSE, about 14 hands high, has several saddle marks, a bushy mane, and switch tail. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away. GEORGE LESSER. ¶

Tredyffrin, Chester County, March 25, 1769.

FIFTEEN POUNDS Reward.

WAS picked out of the Subscriber's pocket, the first of this instant, in the Court-house at Chester, a large needle worked pocket-book, containing a considerable number of bonds, and about Fifty Pounds in paper money, besides receipts, and other papers of value. Whoever apprehends the person or persons that took the said pocket-book, so that he or they be brought to justice, and the papers and money got again, shall have the above reward; or, Fifty Shillings for the pocket-book and papers only, and no questions asked.

† JOSHUA EVANS.

N. B. If any person should offer to assign over any bills or bonds, payable to the Subscriber, the person to whom such assignment may be offered is requested to apprehend him, and secure the bonds.

Just imported from London, in the Pennsylvania Packet, Capt. Falconer, and to be sold wholesale and retail, at a very low advance, by

THOMAS PRESTON,

At the GOLDEN MORTAR, in Second-street, between Market and Chestnut-streets,

A LARGE and general assortment of drugs chimical and galenical medicines, glass ware and shop furniture, pill boxes, crucibles and syringes of all sizes, smelling bottles in cases, tooth brushes and tooth powder, lancets, oil cloth, court-plaister, lip salve, phial corks, &c. All the most useful kinds of patent medicines, as Anderson's, Hooper's, and Lockyer's pills, Bateman's drops, Walker's Jesuits drops, British oil, Squire's and Daffy's elixir, Greenough's tincture for the teeth and gums, Stoughton's bitters, Turlington's balsam of life, Dr. James's fever powders, Godfrey's cordial, &c. Country practitioners and private families, by sending their orders and receipts, may depend upon having them faithfully and reasonably executed.

N. B. Advice in all difficult cases in physic and surgery, whether of short or long continuance of whatsoever kind in either sex, and the most effectual and safe medicines (not commonly known in the present practice) are carefully prepared and properly dispensed for the cure of the same, on the most reasonable terms. † 3s. Tbc.

Imported in the last vessels from LONDON and BRISTOL, and to be SOLD on the lowest TERMS, for CASH or short CREDIT, by

JAMES BUDDEN,

At his STORE in Front-street, a few doors below the LONDON COFFEE-HOUSE,

TICKLINBURGS, hempen sprig linen, brown rolls, fine brown and white Russia sheeting, broad fold and 9-8ths wide ditto, Russia drabs, fine and coarse 3-qr. Russia linen, 9-8ths wide Irish sheeting, dowlasses, low priced 7-8ths and fine 7-8ths and yard-wide Irish linens, blue and white Scots handkerchiefs, bordered and spotted bandanoes, barcelonas, cravats, Persian taffeties, cotton and linen checks, printed cottons, single and double purple ground callicoes, fine cotton hollands, English ticken and bed bunts, fine and coarse cambricks and lawns, mens and womens cotton and thread hose, mens and womens gloves and mitts, Scotch stitching and coloured threads, best large and small pins, sewing silks, pillow fustian, white and coloured jeans, scarlet and other coloured gartering, black and other coloured silk and worsted breeches patterns, G. B. wool cards, splinter and other Sorts of locks, handsaws and handsaw files, steel tobacco-boxes, bone, buck and ivory handle knives and forks, neat penknives, shoeknives, scissars, small and large Taylors shears, a great variety of Pinchbeck, brass and white-metal buckles, H and HL hinges; also a few pair French burr mill-stones. Tbc6w.

To be LETT by WILLIAM KELLY,

A VERY valuable TRACT of about 2000 acres of land, in the county of Morris, in East-New-Jersey, as healthy a country as any in the world, about fifteen miles from Newark, (a sea port town) in that province, and about 23 miles from New-York.

This tract is so fine a body of land, as I believe few, if any, can equal it for fertility and richness; about 1500 acres of which is a rich low ground, clear of stones, black mold from 12 to 36 inches, on a stratum of blue clay: The soil is as fine as any in the world for grass, and will grow any kind of grain in so very luxuriant a manner, as to be in danger of lodging in high winds. The remainder is upland, on which there is a fine situation to build, commanding a prospect of great extent over the low ground, and is very good in quality; with a fine young orchard, the largest in the province, containing about 1400 trees of the best grafted fruit, at 50 feet distance, which bore this (for the first year) and from which when it comes to maturity, there may be from 500 to 1000 barrels of cyder made yearly. There is on the estate Blackheart, Mayduke, Whiteheart, Coronation, and Bleedingheart cherries, Bergamott, and other pears; Holland, Green Gage, and other plumbs; a nursery of several thousand apple trees, some of which are fit to set out. A good farm house, kitchen, and a very fine dairy and cyder house built this year; a barn, with twelve barracks for hay and corn; a very fine corn-house, and a large granary; a Negroe house, smoke-house, a large fowl-house, a smith's shop, a coal-house, a large cow-house, two horse stables, a necessary and large bee-house, two green houses to preserve cabbage and roots in the winter; two pigeon-houses, well stock'd; and other conveniences, too many to mention. There is on this tract, at a distance of less than half a mile, a good house for a hind or steward, and two other tenements that will lett, or accommodate servants that have families; and there may (one year with another) be upwards of 200 tons of fine English hay, clover and spear grass, and upwards of 500 tons of coarse hay cut; all the land producing at present this coarse grass, is capable of being made as fine meadow as any in the world, at a very small expence; and is deemed one of the finest places in America, to breed mules for the West-Indies. There is on the whole about 300 acres of woods, containing some fine timber for building. Through the tract runs a fine brook, on which stands, within less than half a mile of the dwelling-house, a grist-mill, and a saw-mill, (not on the tract) and in the Brook; and also a river on which the tract bounds, are plenty of trout, and other fish: There are also some deer, turkeys, and plenty of wild-geese, ducks, partridges, quails, &c. on it in the proper season; and at the foot of the garden is a very fine spring, never dry, and an extreme good place for a fish pond. The main road 66 feet wide, runs through the tract, not an acre of barren or poor land on the whole.

This estate lies in the heart of a country, where any quantity of cattle may be bought, at all seasons of the year, at a very moderate price; 2nd as there may be some persons extremely well qualified to buy, fatten, and sell cattle, who would incline to rent, in case they had a proper capital to carry on that business to advantage, the owner proposes to let a good tenant have any sum on interest, not exceeding 1000l. giving good security.

Should any person incline to purchase, rather than rent the above estate, it may be bought at a reasonable price, and any term not exceeding ten years, given for payment of a part or whole of the money, on allowing interest, and giving good security. The title clear and indisputable; and will be warranted to the purchaser. There is on it now the largest and finest breed of cattle in America, imported from Holland, and as good horses as any in the province; all or any of which, with about twenty slaves, bred to farming and country work (among which is a good blacksmith, mason and shoemaker) will be sold, and possession of the whole immediately after given to the tenant or purchaser. For further particulars, enquire of John Berrien, Esq; near Prince-town, Stephen Moylan, Esq; in Philadelphia; the owner in New-York, or in his absence, Abraham Lott, Esq;

N. B. The above land pays no quitrent. March 23.

WHEREAS I the subscriber, Christopher Tush, of the township of Manner, in the county of Lancaster, and province of Pennsylvania, did give unto Matthias Zimmerman, of Baltimore county, and province of Maryland, seven several bonds or writings, obligatory for the payment of four hundred pounds, dated the fifth day of November, 1768; and whereas I did buy of said Matthias Zimmerman a tract of 20 acres of land, about four miles from Baltimore, which land said Matthias Zimmerman cannot deliver or convey to me; this is therefore to forewarn all persons, whomsoever, not to buy any of said bonds, as I will not pay any of them.

¶ CHRISTOPHER TUSH.

Just opened, imported in the Pennsylvania Packet, Captain Falconer, from London, and the Sally, Captain Spain, from Liverpool, and to be sold by

JOHN KAIGHN,

At his Store, on the west side of Second-street, the second door below the Church, A fresh and neat assortment of European and East-India GOODS, suitable for the season, amongst which are the following articles, viz.

TICKLINBURG; *flaxen, and hempen, oxenbrigs; Irish linen; Russia and Irish sheeting; Princes linen; garlix; German and Irish dowlas; Russia and clouting diaper; buckback; table cloths; drilling; brown Pomerania linen; long lawn; cambrick and lawn, in pieces and patches; linen, cotton, and silk handkerchiefs; writing paper; thread and worsted hose; fine knit ribbed silk ditto; worsted breeches patterns; calimancoes; durants; shaloons; tammies; rattinets; everlasting; horn, metal, and scarf, coat and jacket buttons; fine scarf twist, and common mohair; silk knee garters; quality, stay, and shoe binding; brown buckram; an assortment of calicoes, cottons, and chintzes; fine linen Bengal stripe; soosee; Damascus; fine all silk lorettos; India nankeens; Flanders bed ticks; bed bunts; 3-qr. and 7-eights striped ticken; muslin; Scotch, nuns, nankeen, stitching, and coloured thread; white 3 corded knitting ditto; tapes; bobbin; cotton and linen check; cotton hollands; sewing silk; half yard and ell wide persian; white sarsnet; English and India taffety; an assortment of ribbons; crape; brilliant; dorseteens; allopeens; bombazeen; hairbine; striped and plain camblets; silk and worsted saggathy; damasks; fustians; jeans; fine jennet; Turkey stripes; gloves and mitts; superfine large 11-qr. and 12-qr. cotton counterpains; silk laces; gartering; hard metal, and London pewter, plates, and dishes; hard metal table, and tea, spoons; oval fish dishes; pewter tea pots; pins, by the lb. or packet; needles; thimbles; handsaws; knives and forks; penknives; razors; snuff and tobacco boxes; gimblets; chissels; augers; hinges; coffee mills; small bowl pipes; shot; guns, 4 and half and 5 feet in the barrel; 10d. and 20d. nails; mace, cinnamon, cloves, and nutmegs; pepper; bohea tea; superfine and coarse broadcloths; together with an assortment of other woollens.*

PROPOSALS for printing by SUBSCRIPTION,

In Two Volumes Octavo,

SERMONS, on Useful and Important SUBJECTS. By the Reverend SAMUEL DAVIES, A. M. late President of the College in Princetown, New-Jersey. SUBSCRIBERS are desired to send in their Names to either of the following Persons. The Rev. Doctor John Witherspoon, in Princetown; the Rev. Alexander M'Whorter, in Newark, New-Jersey; the Rev. John Rodgers, the Rev. Joseph Treat, Mr. Garrat Noel, Bookseller, in New-York; the Rev. Samuel Blair, in Boston; the Rev. Mr. Sprout, Daniel Roberdeau, Merchant, Messieurs William and Thomas Bradford, and Messieurs Hall and Sellers, Printers, in Philadelphia; the Rev. Robert Smith, in Pequea; the Rev. George Duffield, in Carlisle; the Rev. Elihu Spencer, in St. George's; the Rev. Jacob Kerr, in Somerset County, Maryland; Mr. William Holt, Merchant, in Williamsburg, Virginia; Captain Craighead, in New-Castle, Hanover County, Virginia; Mr. David Smith, in West-Nottingham; and Mr. Josiah Smith, in Charles-Town, South-Carolina.

CONDITIONS. I. The Volumes, each containing 400 Pages, to be printed on a good Paper, and a neat Type. II. The Price to Subscribers to be each Volume a Spanish milled Dollar; half of the Price to be paid at the Time of subscribing, and half at the Delivery of the Volumes, sewed in blue Covers: Such as subscribe for six Setts, to be entitled to a Seventh gratis.

PREFACE by the EDITOR.

THREE volumes of discourses by the late Rev. SAMUEL DAVIES, with the encouragement of a very numerous subscription, some time since made their appearance in the world. The editor assures the public, that he employed his best endeavours to secure every profit for the assistance of Mr. Davies's widow and orphans, and that he has long since for that purpose transmitted the monies (which were by no means inconsiderable) accruing from the publication, to America. Mrs. Davies is lately dead; but her children, 3 sons, and 2 daughters, are still living; and if there should be any benefit arising from the publication that is now intended, it shall be entirely applied for their use, who are now bereaved of both their parents, and therefore may be intitled to a kind of double share of christian compassion and benevolence.

About 60 manuscript discourses of Mr. Davies's are now in the hands of the Editor, whence he designs to select such sermons to form the present collection, as appear to him to be the first in merit as to composition, to be best calculated for general good, and that in respect of subjects are least a-kin to one another, and to the discourses that compose the former publication.

The present volumes will have nothing to distinguish them as the 4th or 5th volumes of Mr. Davies's sermons, so that subscribers to the present work will not find it imperfect on account of its connexion with that which has been already published; though it may not be improper to acquaint them, that, if they are desirous to furnish themselves with a complete sett of Mr. Davies's discourses, a second edition of them is in readiness to gratify their inclinations.

The Editor, in his preface to the sermons that have been already printed, has ventured to give his sentiments concerning them, in the following words, and he has no reason to doubt but they may be applied with like justice to the present publication. "In these discourses, if I mistake not, a critical scrutiny into "the texts which the Author chooses for his subjects, a natural eduction, and clear representation of their genuine meaning, an elaborate and satisfactory proof of the various heads "of doctrine, a steady prosecution of his point, together with "an easy and pertinent enlargement, and a free, animated, and "powerful application and improvement, wonderfully adapted "to awaken the consciences, and strike the hearts both of "saints and sinners, mingle the various excellencies of learning, judgment, eloquence, piety, and seraphic zeal, in one "uncommon glory; not unlike the beams of the sun collected "by a burning-glass, that at once shine with a most dazzling "brightness, and set fire, wherever the blaze is directed, to "objects susceptive of their celestial influence, and a transformation into their own nature."

Should the Editor of these volumes be the happy instrument of introducing to the public a number of discourses that may prove serviceable to the great interests of evangelical knowledge, and vital godliness, at the same time that the orphans of his deceased friend are aided in their entrance into life, or enabled to make their way through it with reputation and comfort from any emolument that may arise from the present publication, he will find the pleasant sensations of his own bosom an ample recompence for the close and critical review of the discourses he shall appoint for the press, and the attention and care he promises to bestow, that the present volumes may appear to the world free from typographical escapes and errors.

Hoxton Square, June 16, 1768. THOMAS GIBBONS.

**** A Number of Sermons of the first Edition of the Reverend SAMUEL DAVIES's Works, printed in London, were duly sent from thence for Subscribers in the several Colonies in America, but through some Mistake the Allotment designed for Pennsylvania was sent to New-York, whereby Subscribers in this Province have been much disappointed, but they may be now furnished with a few Copies, by applying to DANIEL ROBERDEAU, in Third-street, betwixt Arch and Race-streets, Philadelphia.*

TO be rented, and entered on this spring, the tavern and plantation belonging to SAMUEL SCOTT, and now occupied by EPHRAIM MOORE; there is 170 acres of improved land, with a good orchard and meadow, a large stone dwelling-house, a large stone barn and stable, with all other conveniences for tavern-keeping and farming. Whoever inclines to rent the above premises, may apply to Samuel Scott, in Rapho township, Lancaster county. ¶

Just imported in the Unity, Captain Story, from London, and other ships lately from England, and to be sold by

JAMES GORDON,

At his store in Chestnut-street, upon the lowest terms, for cash or credit, not exceeding six months,

CALICOES and cottons, cambricks and lawns, Irish linens, brown and white Russia sheeting, Irish ditto, raven duck and drills, quad. Silesias, red, blue and white linen handkerchiefs, bandanoes, romals and culgees, Barcelona handkerchiefs and cravats, ell wide and half yard persians, black sattin and peelongs, black, blue and white figured mode, white sarsnet, sewing silk, humhums and muslin, minionet lawn, kenting handkerchiefs, marking canvas and crewels, mens and womens white and coloured gloves, wax beads, childrens Morocco shoes, Scotch thread, Whitechapel and London needles, pins, tape and hobbin, mohair, death-head and basket buttons, buckram, knee garters, quality and shoe binding, white, black and figured ribbons, mens, womens, boys and girls silk, cotton, thread and worsted hose, ivory and horn combs, striped Bengals, striped gauze, flaxen sprig linen and ozenbrigs, broadcloths, shaloons and rattinets, calimancoes, durants, tammies, dorsetteens, worsted damask, plain and striped cambletts, naps, halfthicks, embossed serge, kerseys and plains, linsey woolsey, poplins, crape, saggathies and duroys, damascus and sooshee, cotton stripe, 10 and 11 nail, 3-qr. 7-8ths, yard wide, and yard 3-8ths linen and cotton checks, velvets, fustian and jeans, cutlery, lead, powder and shot, &c. &c. &c.

All persons indebted to said JAMES GORDON, for goods sold above 6 months, are desired to pay, to prevent trouble. Tbc.

DUFFIELD and DELANY, Druggists,

Have just imported in the Pennsylvania Packet, Captain Falconer, from London;

A General assortment of DRUGS and Medicines, of the very best quality, and in excellent order, both chymicals, and galenicals, which they continue to sell as usual at Boerhaave's head, the corner of Second and Walnut-streets.

They have also for sale, best SWEET or SALLAD OIL, by the gallon or smaller quantity; Turlington's balsam; Daffy's elixir; Bateman's drops; Godfrey's cordial; Walker's jesuits drops; British oil; Anderson's, Hooper's and Lockyer's pill's; balsam of honey; and most of the patent medicines now in use, warranted genuine, and from the original warehouses.

MEDICINE CHESTS are put up by them of any prices, with plain and particular directions, so as to render them very useful and necessary to masters of vessels, managers of iron works, and gentlemen who have large families, and live at a distance from a physician. ¶

CURTIS CLAY,

Has just imported in the Dragon, Capt. Read, from London, and is now opening at his store, the corner of Chestnut and Water-streets, next door to Mr. Samuel Pleasants, a very neat assortment of European and East India GOODS, suitable to the spring and summer seasons, among which are the following, viz.

WHITE and brown Russia sheetings, Russia drabs, huckabacks, towelling, fine Russia drilling, Irish sheetings, flaxen sprig ozenbrigs, Irish linens, cotton and linen checks, cotton hollands, brown hollands, fustians, jeans and fine jennets, Wilton cloths, saggathies, nankeens, Venetian poplins, durants, tammies, shaloons, everlastings, silk and hair grasets, damascusses, ginghams, sooshees, ell and half ell Persians, striped ditto, sky, pink, white and straw coloured mantuas, sattins, half sattins, pelongs, sarsnets, fine white Marseilles quilting, cotton counterpanes; diaper table cloths, jacconet and other muslins, plain, netted and figured gauze, plain and striped Bengals, a great variety of English and India chintzes and calicoes, womens silk and purple grained mitts, mens silk and thread gloves, silk and worsted breeches patterns, mens, womens and boys white and brown thread and cotton hose, bed bunts, Flanders bed ticks, Scotch handkerchiefs, blue romal and Dutch pinwork ditto, spotted and bordered bandanoes, lungee and new silk romals, Barcelona handkerchiefs and cravats, kentings, a very neat assortment of ribbons, ferrets, bindings, tapes, sewing silks, knee garters, silk and hair, and scarf twist, threads, Leghorn hats, fans, death head and basket buttons, gilt ditto, white and brown buckrams, Whitechapel and common needles, hat-band crape, best G. B. wool cards, cutlery, nests of neat gilt red leather trunks, with brass furniture, &c. &c. &c.

To be SOLD, by way of public VENDUE,

On Monday, the twenty second day of May inst. by the subscribers at Christiana Bridge,

TWO SHALLOPS in good order, fitting for the River or Bay service, each carry near or about three hundred barrels of flour: The sale being intended to settle a partnership accounts, the buyer may have one Year's credit if required, giving security, and paying interest; the Vessels may be seen the following stage days, at captain Mease's Wharff, in Philadelphia, or at Christine; so that any persons inclinable to purchase, may treat with the owners before the time of sale.

WILLIAM PATTERSON, and
WILLIAM HENDERSON.

N. B. WILLIAM HENDERSON keeps on the stage business as usual, in company with ALLEN GILLESPIE, and SOLOMON MAXWELL, and purposes keeping the same stage days as usual, and said MAXWELL will carry on the flour business as usual. ‡

THE subscriber hereof having heretofore been possessed of a considerable estate, but, by the unforeseen hardness of the times, the falling of the price of lands, and other disappointments and losses, he has become incapable to satisfy all his creditors; in order, however, that none of them might lose all their demands, he surrendered and delivered up his estate to them, with which, some of said creditors rest satisfied, but others being of a more craving, relentless, and vindictive disposition, refuse to comply with any terms (notwithstanding many have been proposed) till the whole of their debts are paid, and have thrown him into confinement, where he has remained a prisoner for 11 months past; these debts he is by no means able to pay, he therefore, as the last resource, is under the disagreeable necessity, of giving this notice to all his creditors, that he intends to apply at the next session of General Assembly, of the province of New-Jersey, for an act to regain his liberty, of which all persons concerned are desired to take notice.

¶ WILLIAM BROWN.

THE partnership of HUGH MEANS and MATTHEW IRVIN being expired, all persons indebted to them by bond, note or book debt, are requested to make speedy payment to HUGH MEANS only, in whose hands the company's books, &c. are, and who is fully authorized to receive the same; and those who have any demands upon the company, are desired to bring them in, that they may be adjusted and paid.------Such as are indebted above twelve months to said HUGH MEANS, on his own particular account, are also requested to pay, without further delay.

He is now opening, at his store in Chestnut-street, between Front and Second-streets, a fresh assortment of Merchandize, suitable to the season, imported per Captains Falconer and Friend, from London, which he will sell on the lowest Terms for cash, or the usual credit.

All persons indebted to the estate of SAMUEL MEANS, late of New-Castle county, deceased, are desired to pay, and those who have any demands thereon, to apply to HUGH MEANS, of Philadelphia, or ROBERT BRATTAN, of New-Castle county, Executors. ¶

THE Subscriber hereof having heretofore been possessed of a considerable estate, but by the unforeseen hardness of the times, disappointments, and losses in trade, and otherwise, the low price in sale of his lands, which have been sold for the benefit of his creditors, has rendered him unable to settle with his creditors to their full demands, to which some of said creditors are willing to compound, and be satisfied, but others being of a more craving, relentless disposition, refuse to comply with any terms, till the whole of their debts are paid, which his circumstances render him incapable to do at present, though he is willing to give up his all to them; but have confined him in the county goal at Glocester, for near seven months past, which puts him under the disagreeable necessity, as the last resource, to seek some other method for aid. These are therefore to give notice to all persons concerned, that he purposes to apply at the next meeting of the General Assembly of the province of New-Jersey, for relief in the premises.

¶ WILLIAM BURNET.

Plumsted, in Bucks County, April 4, 1769.

BY Virtue of an Order from the Honourable the Orphan's Court, for Bucks County, will be exposed by public Vendue, on Friday, the 26th day of May next, a valuable Tract of unimproved Land, containing 106 Acres, and the usual Allowance, lining with Durham and Stump Roads, extraordinary well timbered with white and black Oak, it being in a fine healthy pleasant Part of the Country, and very suitable for almost any public Business. Also will be sold, same Time, a Negroe Woman, with 3 Children, one of which is sucking, sold for no Fault, but she breeds too fast. The Vendue to begin at 12 of the Clock, same Day, where due Attendance, and reasonable Credit, will be given by JANE HART, Administratrix. ‖

Just imported in the Philadelphia Packet, Captain BUDDEN, from LONDON, and to be sold by

JOHN WILLDAY,

At his store in Fourth-street, near the south side of Market-street, and by

ROBERT BAIL,

At Christiana-Bridge,

A GENERAL Assortment of dry GOODS, suitable for the season, among which are a large assortment of 3-qr. mantuas, and other silks, a few hogsheads of felt hats, which he will sell by the whole hogshead, as low as can be imported; also choice Cheshire cheese, London porter in bottles, best hyson, congo and bohea tea, pepper, grind-stones, chalk, whiting, green copperas, sail cloth No. 1 to 7; a few hogsheads London loaf sugar; scythes, wooll-cards, boulting-cloths, sheet lead, steel in half faggots, a few kegs of short pipes, gunpowder and shot.

MIFFLIN and DEAN,

HAVE imported from London, a large ASSORTMENT of SPRING-GOODS, which are now opening, at their Store, the Corner of Front and Chestnut-streets. Tbctf.

THE PUBLIC are hereby made acquainted, That the CHALYBEATE SPRINGS, in the Borough of BRISTOL, are now cleared, and a convenient BATH and HOUSE built over the same, ready for the Reception of such Persons whose Disorders may require their Use. By an ANALYSIS of these WATERS, published last Year by the Philosophical Society, they appear to contain a Portion of Iron dissolved and suspended by a vitriolish Acid, in Water perhaps as pure as any hitherto discovered in any Part of the World, and, from every Experiment, answers the Description of the celebrated GERMAN SPAW.

It will be needless to publish the Uses of these WATERS, it is sufficient to say, they every Day become more general, and that Numbers of Disorders have been cured by them, that have eluded the most powerful Medicines; whoever would use them to advantage, should do it with the Advice of their Physicians, who may be fully informed of their component Principles, by the above mentioned ANALYSIS.

Such Persons whose Circumstances do not admit the Expence of Advice, will have it GRATIS, by a Gentleman practising Physic in BRISTOL.

In order more fully to ascertain the Virtue of these Waters, an exact Register is intended to be kept of every Person using the same, with its Effect, for which Purposes it is desired, that the Persons who intend to try it, would bring with them a short Account of their Case, drawn up by the Doctor attending them.

Such Persons who intend to use these Waters, are desired to acquaint JOHN PRIESTLEY, or CHARLES BESSONETT, thereof, who will provide proper Lodgings. ¶ 6 W.

GIBSON and ASHETON,

In Market-street, near Fourth-street, have imported in the last Vessels from LONDON,

A LARGE Assortment of Spring GOODS, and CONGO TEA, in whole and Quarter Chests, which they will sell on the most reasonable Terms. Tbctf.

Just imported, in the last vessels from London and Liverpool, and to be sold, by

BENJAMIN RAWLE,

At his store in Water-street, next door to the Old Ferry,

A LARGE and neat Assortment of European and East-India GOODS, suitable for the season, which he will sell on the very lowest terms, for cash, or short credit.

And all persons indebted, are requested to make immediate payment, as he intends to decline business at present, in order to settle his affairs; and those that do not pay, may depend that measures will be taken that will be disagreeable to them. He has an English servant lad's time to dispose of, fit for town or country business, having above 6 years to serve. ‡

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the Union Iron-works, in Hunterdon county, West New-Jersey, on Saturday, the 25th of February last, an indented servant man, named Dennis Sheban, sometimes goes by name of Dennis Stevens, this country born, about 5 feet 8 inches high, and 27 years of age, by trade a mill-wright; he is a strong healthy looking man, wears his own black hair, tied, has a scar on one of his cheeks, remarkable white eyes, and a down look, when in conversation, his jaws are apt to snap when eating, and wants several of his foreteeth; had on, when he went away, a broadcloth coat, and jacket, little worn, half-worn buckskin breeches, new shoes, brass buckles, and light blue coloured milled stockings, a half worn beaver hat, check shirt; he appears to be a quiet simple fellow, but is artful, and fond of strong liquors, very talkative when drunk, will say much of his knowledge in the mill-wright trade, may pretend to know something of the founder's business, at an iron furnace, and many other things, of which he is quite ignorant. Whoever takes up and secures said servant in any of his Majesty's goals, or delivers him to Joseph Turner in Philadelphia, or to the Subscriber at the iron-works aforesaid, shall receive the above reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by ROBERT TAYLOR, at Union Forge.

WAS left in my Shop, last Week, a Sum of Money; the Owner, by applying to me in Front-street, Philadelphia, near the Drawbridge, describing the Sum, and paying the Charge of this Advertisement, may have it again.

April 3, 1769. † GILBERT DEACON.

WILLING and TOD,

DESIRE all Persons indebted to them, above the Time they agreed to make Payment, to discharge their Accounts, otherwise they will be put into the Hands of an Attorney, without further Notice. 6 W.

JOHN WILLIAMS, Saddler,

Who formerly lived at the corner of Elbow Lane, in Market-street, takes this method to inform his customers, and others,

THAT he has removed into Chestnut-street, near Third-street, and nearly opposite the sign of the Cross Keys, where Mr. Joseph Ogden lives, makes in the best and most fashionable manner, and sells at the most reasonable rates, Gentlemens English hunting full welted and plain hogskin, buckskin, and neats leather seated saddles, demipeaks, Scotch burrs, King's hunting ditto, common hunting ditto, breasted ditto, race ditto, and pack or carrying ditto, ladies hunting side saddles, demi hunters, and common ditto, fringed, laced and bound, of various fashions. All kinds of military furniture, portmanteaus, saddle bags, housings of all sorts, saddle cloths, boot garters, surcingles, martingals, and all sorts of saddler's furniture, jockey caps of all sizes, horse collars, cart gears, &c. &c.----Such as please to favour him with their custom and orders, may depend on having their work done in the genteelest manner, with care and dispatch.

RUN away from the SUBSCRIBER, living in Trenton, West New-Jersey, on the 18th day of March, an Irish servant lad, named MICHAEL BRADY, about 19 years of age, about 5 feet 4 inches high, well set, very thick legs, and knock kneed, fair complexion, full grey eyes, and lightish short hair; had on, and took with him, a brown thickset fustian coat and breeches, and a green cloth jacket, with flat metal buttons on them, a pair of blue stocking breeches, one linen jacket, with red stripes, one white and ozenbrigs shirt, coarse grey yarn stockings, new pumps, with long quarters, with metal buckles in them, and coarse felt hat. He is a shoemaker by trade, and pretends to the stuff-work. Whoever takes up and secures said servant in any of his Majesty's goals, so that his master may have him again, shall have THREE POUNDS reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

‡ WILLIAM TUCKER.

N. B. He may very probably change his name and clothes, as he is a crafty fellow.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of ADAM EVEY, late of the City of Philadelphia, Wharff Builder, deceased, are desired to make immediate Payment; and those that have any Demands against the said Estate, are requested to bring in their Accounts, that they may be adjusted and settled, by SUSANNA EVEY, Administratrix. §

NEAVE and HARMAN,

At their Store the Corner of Second and Spruce-streets, are now opening,

A NEAT assortment of GOODS, suitable to the season, imported in the Pennsylvania Packet, Captain Falconer, and the Carolina, Captain Friend, just arrived from London, which they will sell on the most reasonable terms, for cash or short credit. With a few pieces of superfine cassimers, and a large assortment of broadcloths, as usual, &c. &c. &c.

TO BE SOLD,

A CERTAIN lot or piece of ground, situate in the township of Norrington, about 14 miles from Philadelphia, containing three quarters of an acre, and four perches of land, having a convenient two story stone messuage thereon erected, suitable for, and lately used as a store, by Jacob Hugely, bounded by lands of Ellis Roberts, and others, and the line of Plymouth township. The purchaser may have 12 months credit, giving security, and paying interest. For further particulars, enquire of RICHARD FOOTMAN, in Philadelphia, or of WILLIAM LAWRENCE, in Plymouth township. Tbc 6 w.

ALL Persons, indebted to the Estate of William Bywater, late of the City of Philadelphia, Joiner, deceased, are desired to make immediate Payment; and those that have any Demands against the said Estate, are requested to bring in their Accounts, that they may be adjusted and settled by

MARGARET BYWATER, Executrix,
§ ALEXANDER ALLAIR, Executor.

JOHN SPARHAWK,

At the London Book-Store, in Market-street, Philadelphia, has, by the last arrivals from London, a fresh supply of choice DRUGS and MEDICINES, which he engages to sell as low as can be bought in America, of equal quality; among the above are,

WALKER's *Jesuit's drops, and specific purging remedy, an infallible cure for venereal disease, all weaknesses of the reins, gravel, and various other complaints, from whatever cause proceeding; balsam of honey, for cure of consumptions, colds, and all difficulties of breathing; elixir bardana, for the rheumatism and gout, British tooth powder, which cleanses the teeth and gums from all foulness, preserves them sound and free of pain, prevents those decaying from growing worse, renders them clean and white as ivory. and the breath perfectly sweet and agreeable; Turlington's balsam of life, Anderson's pills, C. D. and J. J. Hooper's female pills, Lockyer's pills, Bateman's drops, British oil, Godfrey's cordial, Daffy's elixir, Stoughton's elixir, Squire's grand elixir, Bostick's cordial, sugar plumbs, a never-failing cure for worms of all kinds, especially in children, they are of singular service to youth of both sexes, by purging away all vicious humours, they render the body active and perfectly healthy, produce a sound and blooming countenance, clear skin, and sweet breath; Hungary, lavender, and King's honey water; court plaister, nipple glasses, and pipes, straight and crooked, marble and glass, mortars, glass tubes, pouches and cases of surgeon's pocket instruments, lancet cases, shagreen and nursel skin ditto, neatly mounted with silver, Smellie's midwifery instruments, catheters, probangs, cases of crooked needles, ivory and pewter syringes, spring and other lancets, phials of all sizes, &c. &c. &c. To be had at the same place, good olive oil, in large or small quantities.* 3 m.

DRUGS and MEDICINES,

A VERY large and fresh assortment, just imported in the Philadelphia Packet, Captain Budden, from London, by NATHANIEL TWEEDY, Druggist, at the Golden Eagle, near the Court-house, in Market-street, Philadelphia, which he will sell very cheap, with a fresh assortment of patent medicines, furniture, dye stuffs, &c. &c. Where may always be had a general supply of paints, both ground and dry, with every article belonging to the painting business.

Philadelphia, April 6 1769.

RUN away from the subscriber's plantation, in the Northern Liberties, near Philadelphia, the 2d of this instant, two Welch servant men, by trade masons; one of them named THOMAS LLEWELLYN, about 28 years old, and about 5 feet 10 inches high, stoops and labours much in his walk, of a dark complexion, and speaks English very imperfectly; it is supposed he took with him two dowlas, and one white shirt, a pair of light coloured, and a pair of crimson plush breeches, a mixed bearskin jacket, and brown coat, with white buttons. The other named WILLIAM MORGAN, about 25 years old, and about 5 feet 8 inches high, of a ruddy complexion, and speaks English imperfectly; supposed to have taken with him two dowlas, and one white shirt, a pair of old cloth breeches, a drab coloured cloth jacket, with metal buttons, and a blue coat. Besides which, each of them had a blue duffil great coat, with large wrought white metal buttons, and sundry other apparel, which, as they were seen on the road towards Lancaster without, it is thought they have sold them. Whoever apprehends said servants, and secures them in any goal on the continent, and sends intelligence to their master, shall have THREE POUNDS reward for each, and reasonable charges, paid by

ABEL JAMES.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, on Monday, the 22d of May, at 7 o'Clock in the Evening, at the Houſe of Jacob Barge, in Market-ſtreet, a certain Lot of Ground, ſituate on the Weſt Side of Seventh-ſtreet, in the City of Philadelphia, containing in Breadth 40 Feet, and in Depth 100 Feet; bounded by ſaid Seventh-ſtreet, Zane's-ſtreet, and Ground of Jonathan Zane, junior, ſubject to a Groundrent of Ten Pounds, Pennſylvania Currency, per Annum; late the Eſtate of William Faries, ſeized and taken in Execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, on Tueſday, the 30th Day of May, at 7 o'Clock in the Evening, at the London-Coffee-Houſe, a certain 3 Story Brick Meſſuage, and Lot of Ground, ſituate on the South-ſide of High-ſtreet, in the City of Philadelphia, containing in Breadth on ſaid Street 16 Feet 6 Inches, including the weſtermoſt Half Part of a certain 2 Feet 9 and a Half Inch Alley, and in Length or Depth 80 Feet, or thereabouts; bounded Eaſtward by Ground of Iſaac Greenleaſe, Southward by a Lot whereof this was Part, Weſtward by Ground of Aquilla Jones, and Northward by High-ſtreet aforeſaid; late the Eſtate of William Clinton, deceaſed, ſeized and taken in Execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, on Tueſday, the 30th of May, at 7 o'Clock in the Evening, at the London Coffee-Houſe, Four certain yearly Rents, amounting to £ 12:6:6 Sterling, viz. One yearly Rent of 40s. Sterling, iſſuing out of a Lot of Ground, ſituate in the Diſtrict of Southwark, bounded Northward by a Lot late of William Cunningham, Weſtward by Front-ſtreet continued, Southward by a Lot now or late of Joſeph Shippen, and Eaſtward by Ground late of William Annis, deceaſed.----One other yearly Rent, of £ 3:4:6 Sterling, iſſuing out of another Lot of Ground, ſituate in the Diſtrict of Southwark aforeſaid, bounded Northward by Land late of Anthony Noble, Weſtward by Front-ſtreet continued, Southward by Land late of Edward Shippen, and Eaſtward by Land late of William Annis, deceaſed.----One other yearly Rent, of £ 5:2:0 Sterling, iſſuing out of another Lot of Ground, ſituate in the Diſtrict of Southwark aforeſaid, bounded Weſtward by Land late of Anthony Noble, Northward by Land late of William Cunningham, Eaſtward by Penn-ſtreet, and Southward by Land late of William Annis, deceaſed. And one other yearly Rent, of 40s. Sterling, iſſuing out of a Lot of Ground, ſituate on the South Side of Cedar-ſtreet, bounded Northward by Cedar-ſtreet aforeſaid, Weſtward by Land late of Alexander Alexander, Southward by Land late of Philip Hulbert, and Eaſtward by Land late of William Annis, deceaſed; late the Eſtate of Robert and Suſanna Lindſay; ſeized and taken in Execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, on Wedneſday, the 31ſt of May, at 7 o'Clock in the Evening, at the London Coffee-Houſe, a certain Brick Meſſuage, and Lot of Ground, ſituate in the City of Philadelphia, containing in Breadth 15 Feet, and in Depth from Front-ſtreet to Water-ſtreet 40 Feet, bounded Northward by a Lot of John Moyes, and Southward by a Lot of Andrew Hamilton, ſubject to a Groundrent of £ 26:5:0 Pennſylvania Currency, per Annum; late the Eſtate of Thomas White; ſeized and taken in Execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, on Thurſday, the 1ſt Day of June, at 2 o'Clock in the Afternoon, on the Premiſes, a certain Tract of Land, ſituate on the Weſt-ſide of Germantown Road, about 5 Miles and a Half from Philadelphia, containing about 23 Acres, more or leſs, whereon is a Nurſery of the beſt Collection of various Sorts of Fruit Trees, and about 7 Acres thereof are good watered Meadow; on the ſaid Tract is erected a good 2 Story Stone Meſſuage and Kitchen, a compleat tanyard, with 28 Vatts, a Stream of Water running through the ſame, and all neceſſary Buildings belonging thereto. Alſo a Still-Houſe, well ſupplied with Water by a Fountain, which keeps conſtantly playing in the Cooling Tubs, or any other Part, and a good Barn, Stables, &c.

Alſo a certain other Tract of Land, adjoining the aforeſaid Tract, high and pleaſantly ſituated, containing about 20 Acres, and fronts about 40 Perches on the ſaid Road; whereon is a very good Orchard of the beſt Fruit Trees, ſuch as Apple, Pear, Peach, Plumb, Cherry, &c. About 3 Acres thereof are of the beſt watered Meadow, and about 3 Acres of Wood-land, with good Quarries of Building Stone; bounded by Lands of Theobald Ent, James Logan, Samuel Aſhmead, Eſq; and Shippen; late the Eſtate of Jacob Naglee; ſeized and taken in Execution, by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

At the ſame Time will be ſold the Grain in the Ground, and the Graſs in the Meadows.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, on Friday, the 2d of June, at 2 o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the Houſe of Peter Hillegas, in Upper Hanover, a certain Tenement, Barn, Stables, and two contiguous Tracts of Land, ſituate in Upper Hanover Townſhip, containing in the whole about 137 Acres, 15 Perches; bounded by Lands of Andrew Nawras, John Sechlar, George Welker, and others; late the Eſtate of Michael Reed, ſeized and taken in Execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

York Town, May 6, 1769.

BY virtue of ſundry writs of Venditioni Exponas, on Monday, the 30th of May inſtant, at 10 of the clock in the forenoon, will be expoſed to ſale, on the premiſes, two plantations and tracts of land, contiguous to, and adjoining each other, containing 700 acres; on one of which tracts is a tanyard, with all neceſſary buildings for that buſineſs, and a very good mill ſeat, with a never failing ſtream of water; on each tract about 100 acres cleared, with good buildings, and an orchard, 50 acres of cleared meadow, and double that quantity may be made; the land very rich, well timbered, and the meadow well watered; it is ſituate in Cumberland townſhip, York county, on the road from Bedford to Philadelphia and Baltimore, about 60 miles from the latter. Alſo a farm in the South Mountain, about 4 miles from the above, containing 200 acres, with fine range for ſtock. The aforeſaid three tracts of land are ſurveyed, and a conſiderable part of the purchaſe paid; all being ſeized and taken in execution, as the eſtate of Joſeph Morriſon, and to be ſold by GEORGE EICHELBERGER, Sheriff.

N. B. The above firſt mentioned two tracts will be ſold, ſubject to a mortgage of 600l. with intereſt, from the 1ſt of May 1764. ¶

To be SOLD, or LETT upon ground-rent,

A LOT of ground, containing in breadth 51 feet, and in depth 100 feet, ſituate in Second-ſtreet, next to John Dickinſon's, Eſq; For terms apply to SAMUEL POWELL, who has ſeveral lots in Third-ſtreet, between Walnut and Spruce ſtreets, to lett upon ground-rent. T.b.c. 1M.

Philadelphia, April 11, 1769.

RUN away, yeſterday, from the Subſcriber, living in Burlington county, Weſt Jerſey, an Iriſh ſervant man, named Francis Nevel, but it is likely he may change his name, he is of a light complexion, 5 feet 10 inches high, has ſhort thin ſtraight hair, freſh coloured, with a ſmall mole on one cheek, and a ſmall ſcar on the other; had on, a brown coat, bound round with worſted, old caſtor hat, leather breeches, black ſtockings, and old ſhoes. All maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry him off at their peril. Whoever ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive Four Dollars reward, paid by SOLOMON RIDGWAY. ‡

To be SOLD, or LETT, for a Term of Years,

A HOUSE and plantation, containing 40 acres of land, ſituate in Warwick townſhip, Bucks county, 20 miles from Philadelphia, bounded on the Old-York road, and the Briſtol road; the houſe is ſuitable for a tavern or ſtore-keeping, there being a ſtore kept there at this time; there is on the premiſes a good ſtone houſe and kitchen, ſtore-houſe, a large ſhed, and other conveniences for carrying on the ſaid buſineſs; a good garden and orchard, and about 7 acres of meadow. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe or rent the ſaid premiſes, may know the terms, by applying to the ſubſcriber, living in Abington townſhip, Philadelphia county,

THOMAS COOPER, Tavern-keeper.

N. B. Any perſon purchaſing or renting the above premiſes, may have poſſeſſion immediately. †

New-Caſtle, April 24, 1769.

NOTICE is hereby given to the owners of the marſh and cripple, ſituate on Red Lyon Creek, in New-Caſtle county, that they attend the Honourable Houſe of Aſſembly at New-Caſtle, on the 5th day of June next, to make their objections (if any they have) to the prayer of ſundry of the owners of part of ſaid cripple and marſh, to the ſaid Houſe of Aſſembly in October laſt, for clearing Red Lyon Creek, and ſundry other requeſts contained therein, for the benefit of the owners, &c. ‡

York Town, May 5, 1769.

ON Thurſday, the 8th day of June next, will be run for over the race ground at York Town, in the county of York, and province of Pennſylvania, a ſubſcription purſe of Twenty Piſtoles, free for any horſe, mare, or gelding, that does not exceed half blood, the beſt of three heats, two miles each heat; if riſing 4 years old, to carry 8 ſtone, bridle and ſaddle included; if 5 years old, 8 ſtone 10 pounds; if ſix, 9 ſtone 6 pounds; and if aged, 10 ſtone. The time of ſtarting will be between One and Three. Every perſon that runs a horſe, mare, or gelding, for ſaid purſe, to enter the ſame with Mr. Michael Hahn of ſaid town, on the Tueſday preceding the race, paying one Piſtole entrance, or otherwiſe to pay double entrance at the poſt. The perſon who intends to run ſuch horſe, mare, or gelding, muſt produce ſufficient vouchers of the age, and alſo ſhew that the ſame does not exceed half blood. Any jockey detected in unfair behaviour, ſhall be deemed diſtanced. No leſs than four horſes to ſtart for ſaid purſe.

The entrance money to be run for by ſcrub horſes, on Saturday, the 10th of the ſaid month of June, the beſt of three one mile heats, to catch riders, and not leſs than four horſes to ſtart for the ſame, and one Dollar entrance to be paid for each of ſaid horſes. †

For C O R K,

The Ship ELIZABETH,
DAVID BROWN, MASTER,

WILL certainly ſail the 20th of this Month. For Freight or Paſſage agree with ſaid Maſter on board, at Knox's Wharff, or Carſon, Barclay, and Mitchell, who have now lying at their Store, a Box of Linen, marked G. M. No. 2, imported in the Elizabeth and Mary, from Dublin; the Owner is deſired to pay the Charges, and take it away. *May* 11. §

THIRTY SHILLINGS Reward.

STRAYED, or ſtolen, from Elizabeth Furnace, Lancaſter county, on the 30th of April, two mares, both of a dark brown colour, the one about 14 years old, 13 hands high, ſhe has a ſmall white ſpot juſt above one of her eyes, paces very eaſy, and goes lively under the ſaddle; the other a colt of the firſt mentioned, about 5 years old, about the ſame height, though not ſo well ſet, branded on the near ſhoulder P S, though ſo dim, that it rather appears to be a croſs, at a little diſtance, ſhe alſo paces very eaſy. Said creatures lately came from the Jerſeys, and it is ſuppoſed they are gone that way. Whoever will bring ſaid creatures to Elizabeth Furnace, or will ſecure them, ſo that the owner may have them again, ſhall have the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by Mr. Henry William Stiegel, or the owner, ADAM SHOEMAKER.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of Robert Hutchiſon, late of Cheſter-Town, Kent county, Maryland, merchant, deceaſed, are requeſted immediately to pay their reſpective balances; and thoſe who have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring them in, properly atteſted, to Mr. John Bolton, merchant, in Cheſter-Town, or the Subſcriber, in Philadelphia, there being an abſolute neceſſity for a final ſettlement of every thing relating to the ſaid eſtate, on or before the firſt of June next; thoſe therefore who neglect to comply, muſt abide the conſequence. JAMES ROSE, *Adminiſtrator.* ‡

RUN away, on the 7th of this inſtant May, from the Subſcriber, living in Philadelphia, an Iriſh ſervant man, named Patrick Quin, a well ſet fellow, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, and about 35 or 40 years of age, ſhort black hair, or old white wig, old ſnuff-coloured cloth coat, old dark cloth jacket, with white metal buttons, buckſkin breeches, with ſtrings in the knees, a pair of light coloured milled ſtockings, check ſhirt, good ſhoes, braſs buckles, black handkerchief, old hat, his complexion very dark, much marked with the ſmall-pox, very much given to ſtrong liquor, and a great ſwearer. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant in any of his Majeſty's goals, or brings him to his maſter in Philadelphia, ſhall have Three Pounds reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me

¶ *HUGH BOWES.*

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

On Wedneſday, the 31ſt of this inſtant May, at 2 o' clock, on the premiſes, by the Subſcriber,

A VALUABLE plantation and tavern, ſituate in the townſhip of Weſt-Caln, Cheſter county, on the great road leading from Lancaſter to Philadelphia, near John Miller's, Eſq; known by the ſign of the Mariner's Compaſs; the place contains near 200 acres of land, well timbered, and a conſiderable quantity cleared; 25 acres of good well watered meadow; there is thereon, a good orchard, and a large hop-yard, good ſtone dwelling-houſe, and log kitchen, a barn, ſhed, and malt-houſe. It is now under a leaſe of 3 years, from the 1ſt of April laſt, to a careful tenant, who pays the rent well, and keeps it in good order. The whole is commodiouſly ſituated for carrying on public buſineſs. The purchaſer, paying one half ready money, may have a ſufficient title, and time to pay the other half, free from intereſt, he giving bond and ſecurity; at which time and place, due attendance will be given by me

¶ ANDREW CULBERTSON.

WHEREAS, by an act of aſſembly of this province, paſſed the 18th of February, 1769, the following perſons, ſubſcribers hereto, are inveſted with a legal eſtate and title in the New Dutch Calviniſt church, and lot of ground thereunto belonging, ſituate on Fourth-ſtreet in this city, in truſt for the uſes and purpoſes in the ſaid act mentioned and ſpecified; notice is therefore hereby given, that the ſaid truſtees are now ready to receive any applications for the purchaſe of the aforeſaid premiſes. The building, which was deſigned for a church, is 53 feet by 82 feet, and well adapted to the intended purpoſe; the ſhell, or outſide only is compleated, ſo that the inſide may readily be made to anſwer the deſigns of the purchaſers; the lot, on which it ſtands, is 67 feet and an half by 107 feet, ſubject to a yearly groundrent of 24l. ſterling. Any individuals, bodies politic or corporate, inclining to purchaſe the aforeſaid premiſes, are requeſted to make their propoſals before Wedneſday, the 7th of June next, at which time (if not diſpoſed of before) they will be ſold by public vendue, at the London Coffee-houſe, at 6 o' clock in the evening. ANDREW BANKSON, MOORE FURMAN, FRANCIS HOPKINSON, PETER KNIGHT, JOHN ORD. ¶

THE Honourable the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, obſerving that Ships and Veſſels frequently incur Forfeitures, and their Owners become ſubject to heavy Penalties, through the Miſconduct, or Negligence, of the Maſters and Seamen; and particularly by the Maſters not making true Reports of their Cargoes, which they ſometimes pretend they are not able to do, from the Manner that they take in their Loading at foreign Ports; and at other times they pretend that the Seamen take in private Ventures, and ſecrete the ſame from their Knowledge, ſo as to be landed clandeſtinely upon their Arrival, without payment of Duty.-----And ſeveral Ships and Veſſels, ſeized for the Commiſſion of Offences of this Kind, having been releaſed in Conſequence of ſuch Repreſentations from the Owners: The Commiſſioners think it neceſſary to adverti ſe for the Information of all Perſons whom it may concern, that upon the Detection and Diſcovery of any ſuch Offences in future, the ſame will be proſecuted as the Law directs; ſo that it behoves the Owners to ſuppreſs the Cuſtom of ſuffering the Seamen to take in private Ventures, and alſo to admoniſh the Maſters to be punctual in taking an Account of their Cargoes, and to pay a ſtrict Regard to their Oaths in reporting the ſame, as well at the Ports of their firſt Arrival, as the Ports of Entry in North-America. *By Order of the Commiſſioners,*

RICHARD REEVE, Secretary.

Boſton, April 14, 1769.

TWENTY POUNDS Reward.

BROKE out of Reading goal, in Berks county, on Monday night laſt, Matthias Dolnick, and William Reinichen; the ſaid Dolnick is ſuppoſed to be about 27 years of age, 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, has dark brown hair, and ſwarthy complexion, has loſt the firſt joint of the fourth finger of his right hand, is a well made likely fellow, by trade a butcher, and ſpeaks good Engliſh, having ſerved his time in Philadelphia; he may be remarkable for having, within a few years paſt, accompanied one Singeiſen on his voyage to Germany, with a Buffaloe for a ſhow; had on, when he eſcaped, a blue cloth coat and jacket, half worn leather breeches, and pale blue yarn ſtockings, with good ſhoes, and ſilver buckles. The ſaid Reinichen is ſuppoſed to be about 32 years of age, about 6 feet high, ſlim made, has a long face, red hair and beard, and ſome of the fingers of his right hand have been cruſhed, ſpeaks broken Engliſh, is a hammerman by trade, and ſervant to Mr. Henry William Steigel (who lately adverti ſed him as a runaway) had on, when he eſcaped, a new felt hat, a large black and yellow ſilk handkerchief, a blue coat, with mohair buttons, and blue worſted damaſk jacket, with plain white metal buttons, made in the old German faſhion, and leather breeches. They are both natives of Germany, and have probably made towards the Jerſeys, as the ſaid Reinichen has heretofore worked at Mr. Haſſecleaver's forge. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid Dolnick and Reinichen, in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſhall receive the above reward, or Ten Pounds for each, beſides reaſonable charges, paid by GEORGE NAGLE, Goaler.

April 25, 1769. ¶

IF the Gentleman, who ſent a Letter, under Cover to me, dated Bucks County, April 21, and ſigned, A Friend to all Mankind, will apply to me in Perſon, I am impowered to give him all the Satisfaction he can deſire. THOMAS GORDON. ¶

G. BARTRAM, and P. SHIRAS,

Have brought up to their ſtore, at Mountholly,

A LARGE and general aſſortment of European, Eaſt and Weſt-India GOODS, which were purchaſed on the beſt terms; therefore are determined to ſupply the town and country lower than has been done there for many years paſt, and purpoſes to ſell for ready money, or country produce, only.

N. B. The public will be made acquainted with the particulars of the Goods by another Adverti ſement, in a few days time.

Imported in the laſt veſſels from London, Briſtol and Liverpool, and to be ſold by

SAMUEL PURVIANCE,

At his ſtore, in Front-ſtreet, near the Drawbridge,

AN Aſſortment of GOODS, ſuitable for the ſeaſon. As alſo Madeira Wine, of the firſt quality, 5 years old, which he will ſell by the quarter caſk, or pipe, on reaſonable terms. ¶

Philadelphia, May 10, 1769.

STRAYED from the Commons of this city, on Sunday laſt, a red milch COW, the tops of her horns ſawed off, and a rope round them. Whoever will bring her to the printers hereof, ſhall receive ONE DOLLAR for their trouble. Any perſon harbouring ſaid cow, may expect to be proſecuted.

ALEXANDER JOHNSTON,

AT the Croſs-roads, New-London townſhip, Cheſter county, has imported from London, Liverpool, Briſtol and Dublin, a general aſſortment of European and India GOODS, ſuitable for country ſtores, and travelling chapmen, which he will ſell at the Philadelphia prices, either wholeſale or retail, for ready money, or ſhort credit; conſiſting of broadcloths, ſhaloons, durants, and a variety of ſtuffs, hoſiery, haberdaſhery, a variety of checks and ozenbrigs, a large aſſortment of Iriſh linens, cottons, calicoes, cambricks and lawns, ironmongery, cutlary, nails, ſteel, ſhot and gunpowder, glaſs, tin plates, frying pans, mens beſt felt and caſtor hats, wool, tow, and cotton cards, with a variety of other goods, too tedious to mention.

He requeſts that thoſe who are indebted to him, above ſix months, do pay immediately, to prevent trouble. 3 M.

Freſh imported in the Philadelphia Packet, and other Ships, late from LONDON, and to be ſold by

FRANCIS HOPKINSON,

At his ſtore, in Front-ſtreet, oppoſite to the City-vendue-ſtore,

A LARGE and compleat aſſortment of ſuperfine, fine, and ſecond BROADCLOTHS, with all ſuitable trimmings; amongſt which are, ſcarlet, crimſon, white, black, green; a variety of *pearl colours for womens cloaks*, browns, blues, drab colours, olive, raven-grey, mixtures, claret, roſe-colour, buff; alſo *billiard-cloth*, a few pieces of *buff ſuperfine caſſimers* for ſummer waiſtcoats, ſilk and worſted breeches patterns, damſon-mixt, high brown, blue and grey beaver coatings, very fine kerſeys, &c. &c.-----All which will be ſold on the moſt reaſonable terms poſſible, for ready money only.

Likewiſe beſt Hyſon TEA, at 28s. per Pound. 6 W.

Juſt imported in the Ship Dragon, Captain Read, from London, and now opening by

GEORGE FULLERTON,

At his Store in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets,

A LARGE Aſſortment of Spring and Summer GOODS, which he will ſell for Caſh, or the uſual Credit, on reaſonable Terms.

N. B. He has alſo a Variety of Cotton and Linen Checks, imported in the laſt Veſſel from Liverpool.

NOTICE is hereby given, for the laſt time, to all perſons indebted to the eſtate of Henry Baſſer, late of Philadelphia, Innholder, deceaſed, to make full payment of their reſpective debts to the ſubſcriber, on or before the firſt day of July next, otherwiſe he ſhall proceed againſt them according to law. And all perſons having any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are alſo deſired to bring in their accounts (duly proved) to the ſubſcriber, on or before the ſaid firſt day of July, otherwiſe they will be excluded, as he then expects to make a final ſettlement.

¶ PHILIP BEAM, Surviving Executor.